The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO THURSDAY JUNE 25, 1896. XXXV—NO. 15

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Rudolph's jewelry store. South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. H. KIKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. ATWATER & SON. Established in 1832 Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

B & B

AN AUCTION SALE

in the New York Wholesale Dry Goods centre is quite a different affair from one around here—there hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of one kind of goods are sold in a few hours.

There were two auction sales there a short time ago, on two successive days, and we attended both of them and bought largely on account of the character and quality of the silks and the prices they were sold at.

As a result thereof we submit the following—greatest values ever offered to any people:—

Black Broche Taffetas, 23½ inches wide, 50 c.—such extra wide and good silks as half a dollar never bought before.

Five lots choice silks:

Black Satin Duchesse,

Black Faille Francaise

Black Satin Rhadame

Black Peau de Soie,

Black Gros Grain,

—all at 50c. a yard—silks with tone and character like the dollar kind.

Plain Black Habutai Silks 24 inches wide, 25c.

We hope you will send for samples of any of the above goods you are interested in—such goods at the prices should hold interest for every woman—and you'll get them by return mail, and they'll prove if what we've said here doesn't—that they're the most desirable silks equal money ever bought.

BOGGS & BUHL,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Summer Homes.

In the lake regions of Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, there are hundreds of charming localities pre-eminently fitted for summer homes. Nearly all are located on or near lakes which have not been fished out. These resorts are easily reached by railway and range in variety from the "full dress for dinner" to the flannel-shirt costume for every meal. Among the list are names familiar to many of our readers as the perfection of northern summer resorts. Nearly all of the Wisconsin points of interest are within a short distance from Chicago or Milwaukee, and none of them are so far away from the "busy marts of civilization" that they cannot be reached in a few hours of travel, by frequent trains, over the finest road in the northwest—the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. A description of the principal resorts, with list of summer hotels and boarding houses, and rates for board, will be sent free on application to Wm. Kelly, jr., Traveling Passenger Agent, 48 Exchange street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mothers will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy especially valuable for croup and whooping cough. It will give prompt relief and is safe and pleasant. We have sold it for several years and it has never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction. C. W. Richards, Duquesne, Pa. Sold by the Saltsman Drug Co.

"Wake up, Jacob, day is breaking!" so said DeWitt's Little Early Risers to the man who had taken them to arouse his sluggish liver. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

M'LEAN FOR PRESIDENT

A Movement In His Interest Among Ohio Democrats.

THEIR STATE CONVENTION TODAY.

The Silver Men Have Almost 600 of the 675 Delegates—Taylor Presides—McLean, Bookwalter, Thurman and Holden Will Be Sent to Chicago.

COLUMBUS, June 24.—The Democratic state convention is in session here today.

Colonel W. A. Taylor presides as temporary chairman.

The preliminary meetings show that the silver men have almost 600 of the 675 delegates in the convention.

At the district meetings the silver men carried 17 the congressional districts and the gold men four. The committee on resolutions and other committees, including the state central committee, stand 17 to 4. The Ohio delegation to Chicago, when the delegates are all chosen, will probably stand 38 to 8 for free silver, although the silver men claim 40 to 8. With their large majority in this convention the silver men intend to instruct the Ohio delegation for free silver and to vote as a unit so that the four gold districts, which include the city of Dayton, Hamilton, Toledo and Cleveland, will be shut out.

While the instructions on free silver will be ironclad, there will be no instructions for president. Most of the county conventions had endorsed ex-Governor Campbell for president before the tidal wave for silver set in and now the silver leaders claim that Campbell is too conservative on the financial question. Meantime John W. Bookwalter, an original free silver man, who was the Democratic candidate for governor against Charles Foster in 1881, has worked up quite a sentiment in favor of his endorsement for president. Campbell and his friends openly oppose Bookwalter. A fight between them was stopped by the friends of John R. McLean, who said they would oppose either instructions or the endorsement of anyone for president.

It is understood that this movement is in the interest of McLean for the national ticket. While Campbell, McLean and Bookwalter have their respective followings as the Ohio favorite. Colonel Joseph Rickey of Missouri has been active in the interest of Bland for president. General A. J. Warner, president of the American Bimetallic league, is also here taking an active part in the interest of the fusion of all silver interests. The silver slate includes John R. McLean, John W. Bookwalter, Allen W. Thurman and L. L. Holden for delegates-at-large. Very little interest is being taken in the state ticket. The leading candidates for secretary of state, the head of the ticket, are A. A Brown of Cincinnati and ex-Congressman S. S. Yoder of Lima.

When the delegates met by congressional districts the silver men did not have their way in the Third, Ninth, Twentieth and Twenty-first districts and the gold men are also contesting the Eighteenth district, which is the district formerly represented in congress by McKinley. The silver men claim to control the committees from 17 to 4.

The committee on resolutions is as follows: First district, Wallace Birch; Second, D. S. Oliver; Third, J. C. Patterson; Fourth, George W. Moore; Fifth, J. W. Winn; Sixth, C. H. Collins; Seventh, T. H. Dever; Eighth, Fred H. Bloshner; Ninth, Frank H. Hurd; Tenth, John Herman; Eleventh, J. Vanmeter; Twelfth, Casper Loewenstein; Thirteenth, A. L. Barron; Fourteenth, H. L. Stewart; Fifteenth, David Okey; Sixteenth, E. L. Lynch; Seventeenth, Aquilla Wiley; Eighteenth, Archibald McGregor; Nineteenth, S. G. Rogers; Twentieth, T. D. Bremer; Twenty-first, Charles J. Estep.

When the state central committee met about half the members were absent, but they were represented by silver men to whom the gold members had given proxies. Still there was a fight. The silver men supported W. A. Taylor of Columbus, and the gold men J. A. Norton of Tiffin for temporary chairman. Taylor was elected, receiving 14 votes to 7 for Norton.

The committee on credentials seated the silver contestants from Stark county, insuring them the Eighteenth district, so that the districts stand 17 to 4. General A. J. Warner of Marietta was selected by the committee for permanent chairman. He has not been cooperating with the party owing to Cleveland's policy against silver, and his selection was made to intensify the silver sentiment.

GOV. ALTGELD RENOMINATED.

Illinois Democrats Ignored His Protest. Instructed For Free Silver.

PEORIA, Ills., June 24.—John P. Altgeld is the nominee of the Democratic party for governor of Illinois. He was unanimously placed at the head of the ticket. He had no opponent and a few moments before the honor was thrust upon him, he declared that he did not want it. He said so at the conclusion of one of the most impressive speeches ever made before a Democratic convention. He said that he was physically unable to lead the fight, and his financial affairs were in bad shape and needed his attention. No sooner had he mentioned his desire to retire from public life than there came an impassioned shout of disapproval, not only from the delegates, but from thousands of people who were crowded in the hall.

It was a strange convention and will not soon be forgotten. It was in session only a little over five hours. Nearly all the candidates were nominated by acclamation.

There was no strife. There was no acrimonious speeches save those directed against the enemy.

The convention, as had been predicted, came out strongly for free silver and so instructed its delegates to the national convention. The platform was diametrically opposite in all its parts to that of the Republican party and the 1,065 delegates voted unanimously for its adoption.

The delegates-at-large are John P. Altgeld, S. P. McConnell, W. H. Hinrichsen, George W. Fithian.

FOR BOIES AND BRYAN.

North Carolina Will Be For Silver Almost Without a Struggle.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 24.—The Democratic state convention will meet here tomorrow. It will declare for the immediate free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Only three or four of the 96 counties are for the gold standard.

The delegates will be instructed not to vote for any man for president who has not been a free silver advocate all the time. There will be no split either in the state or district delegations. They all will be unalterably for silver. Boies and Bryan are most talked of and there is a growing sentiment for Senator Teller, though the machine leaders are opposed to his nomination. Dr. J. J. Mott, chairman of the silver party, will be here and he is trying to have the convention endorse Teller.

An attempt will be made to have the convention postpone nominations for state officers until the middle of August in order to grasp the national situation and if Teller should be the nominee of the Democrats and Populists to undertake to get all the free silver men to support one ticket for governor and state officers and electors as against the Republican ticket nominated last month.

UNDERCURRENT FOR SILVER.

Some Sentiment at the New York Democratic Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., June 24.—The Democratic state convention is in session today. It will declare that the present gold standard in the country should be preserved until such time as there can be obtained an international agreement for bimetallism.

At the same time the leaders of the party will postpone the selection of presidential electors until fall convention of the party.

The two facts are significant and taken in conjunction seem to point that the party leaders, while protesting that the gold standard should be maintained, are fearful that the national convention will not heed their cry and that their electors, if elected now, might be put in a false position of being pledged to vote only for a presidential candidate who the more nearly represented the financial pronouncements of the party at this convention. The delegates-at-large to be selected are Roswell P. Flower, David B. Hill, Edward Murphy and Frederick R. Coudert. There is a strong undercurrent among the delegates here for silver.

GEORGIA FOR SILVER.

Her Democratic Delegation Will Be For the White Metal.

ATLANTA, June 24.—The Georgia Democratic convention which meets at Macon tomorrow will, it is said, send a solid silver delegation to Chicago and adopt no instructions as to the candidates. Of the 350 delegates that have been chosen, not 50 are opposed to the free and unlimited and independent coinage of silver. In only one district do the gold men stand a chance of electing their delegates to Chicago, but the convention will certainly adopt unit rule which will make it a solid vote for silver.

There has been no talk among Democrats as to a candidate for the presidency. The leaders in the silver movement have made it a point to keep down all possibilities of a division by eliminating talk of candidates. There will be no effort to instruct for any candidate. The general feeling is that the man should come from some one of the Middle states and Boies and Matthews are most often suggested.

SILVER SHOWED STRENGTH.

But Gold Carried the Day Among the Wisconsin Democrats.

MILWAUKEE, June 24.—Free silver developed unexpected strength in the Democratic state convention. Until within three weeks the gold standard adherents were supposed to overwhelmingly be in the majority in the Wisconsin Democracy, but when the test vote came on the adoption of the minority and majority reports from the committee on resolutions, the silver men were found to number 128 of the 345 delegates in the convention.

The delegates-at-large to the national convention are all gold standard advocates are headed by Senator William F. Vilas and General Edward S. Bragg. The district delegates chosen by the district delegation, included, several silver men, but will be governed by the unit rule. They have no preference for presidential nominee.

GOOD FOR BIMETALLISM.

Delegates From Six European Nations Adopt Resolutions.

LONDON, June 24.—A Paris dispatch to The Daily News says that an international commission of husbandry, including delegates from France, Germany, Belgium, Austria, Sweden and Switzerland, met at the ministry of husbandry and adopted a bimetallic resolution.

The resolution called upon the French government to propose the subject to the other countries in the international convention. The Daily News correspondent says: "As M. Meline (the French premier) presided at the meeting, Great Britain is likely to hear shortly from the French government on this subject."

Killed by the Cars.

ASHLAND, O., June 24.—Jesse Pickett, aged 25 years, while riding home from Polk on a freight train, fell between the cars and was killed. He is supposed to have gone asleep.

Ex-Congressman Walling Drops Dead.

COLUMBUS, June 24.—Ex-Congressman A. T. Walling has dropped dead at his home, Circleville, O.

VENEZUELA IS RIGHT.

Arrest of the British Official Entirely Proper.

ENGLAND NOT LIKELY TO PROTEST.

Surveyor Harrison Did Wrong In Going Into Disputed Territory—The Incident Not Likely to Result Seriously—The English Newspapers Violent.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and Minister Andrade of Venezuela, have been negotiating of late upon the settlement of the Uruan affair, and incidentally toward opening negotiations on the boundary question proper. There have been delays due to the month or more taken in the transmission of mail to Caracas and return, so that thus far the negotiations have not proceeded beyond an introductory stage.

The arrest of Mr. Harrison, chief of the British surveying party on the British-Venezuela boundary, has not been communicated to the officials here. It appears to be conceded, however, that Harrison was in the wrong if the dispatches are correct in stating that he was on the west side of the Cuyuni river. Mr. Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, laid down the Cuyuni as part of the provisional boundary, pending a settlement, so that it is said the British will not make the contention that Harrison was right in proceeding beyond this provisional boundary. This takes from the incident its serious aspect, as Harrison is not likely to be supported by the vigorous British protest that was at first anticipated.

A London special says: The Press association announces that the British foreign office is expected to take decided measures in regard to the arrest of Mr. Harrison, the crown surveyor of British Guiana, by the Venezuelans.

The British newspapers comment on the matter in violent language.

Had Six Pairs of Twins.

HOUGHTON, Mich., June 24.—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Beudoin, French Canadians, residents of Allouez, Keweenaw county, has been baptized at Calumet. It is the twenty-eighth child born to the couple, of whom 11 are living. Mrs. Beudoin was married 28 years ago and has borne twins eight times.

A Preacher Deposed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 24.—After an all night session, Rev. C. E. Lee, pastor of the Second Baptish church, was found guilty of improper liberties with female members of his congregation and deposed from the ministry. Rev. Lee is the inventor of the individual communion cup, for which he has a patent.

The Vice President at Cape May.

CAPE MAY, June 24.—Vice President Stevenson, accompanied by Mrs. Stevenson, Miss Letitia Stevenson and Mr. Lewis Stevenson, have arrived at the Stockton hotel. Mr. Stevenson will leave his family at the seashore and attend the Chicago convention, returning for a protracted stay.

A Courtmartial Ordered.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—A courtmartial has been ordered by the secretary of the navy to assemble at the Mare Island navyyard next Thursday for the trial of Past Assistant Paymaster Edwin B. Webster, late of the Yorktown, on charges of fraud and scandalous conduct on the Asiatic station.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

											R	H	E
At Cleveland—													
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	8	2	0	0	*		6	9	1
Pittsburg	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0		4	14	1

Batteries—O'Connor and Cuppy; Merritt and Hawley. Umpire—Weidman. Attendance, 2,501.

										R	H	E
At Philadelphia—												
Phila	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	6	4
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	8	16	2

Batteries—Grady and Taylor; Robinson and Esper. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 3,700.

										R	H	E
At Boston—												
Boston	0	0	0	7	2	0	0	0	0	9	12	5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	7	3

Batteries—Tenney and Stivetts, Grim and Abbey. Umpire—Henderson. Attendance, 1,800.

										R	H	E
At New York—												
New York	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	*	6	9	2
Wash	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	5	7	1

Batteries—McGuire and King; Wilson and Meekin. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 3,500.

										R	H	E
At Chicago—												
Chicago	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	*	7	11	5
Cincinnati	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	5	8	5

Batteries—Dailey and Briggs; Vaughn, Inks and Fisher. Umpire—Lynch. Attendance, 2,200.

Louisville-St. Louis game postponed on account of rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W	L	Pc		W	L	Pc
Baltimore	34	18	.673	Phila	29	26	.527
Cleveland	31	18	.633	Brooklyn	27	25	.519
Cincinnati	32	22	.592	Chicago	29	27	.518
Boston	29	21	.580	New York	22	31	.415
Wash	26	23	.531	St. Louis	14	38	.269
Pittsburg	27	24	.529	Louisville	11	39	.220

Games Scheduled Today.

Pittsburg at Cleveland; Baltimore at Philadelphia; Brooklyn at Boston and Washington at New York.

Yesterday's Interstate Games.

At Toledo—Toledo, 11 runs, 13 hits; 5 errors; Saginaw, 5 runs, 9 hits, 4 errors. Batteries—Kelb and Arthur; Allen and Stout.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 10 runs, 12 hits, 4 errors; Wheeling, 9 runs, 137 hits, 7 errors. Batteries—Jordan and Zinram; Garvey and Shaw.

Fort Wayne-Jackson game postponed on account of rain.

Interstate Games Scheduled Today.

Wheeling at Youngstown; Washington at New Castle; Saginaw at Toledo and Jackson at Ft. Wayne.

Interstate League Standing.

	W	L	Pc		W	L	Pc
Ft. Wayne	31	8	.795	Wheeling	20	21	.488
Toledo	24	20	.556	Wash'ton	18	22	.450
Jackson	22	20	.524	Saginaw	15	26	.366
New Castle	20	20	.500	Youngsto'n	14	28	.317

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The International Gathering Now In Session at Boston.

BOSTON, June 24.—The eighth international and thirteenth national Sunday school convention was opened in Tremont Temple with a praise service led by Dwight L. Moody. A business session of the convention was opened by the chairman of the executive committee, B. F. Jacobs of Chicago, at the close of the praise service, and William Randolph of Missouri was introduced as chairman of the convention.

Mr. Randolph gave a brief resume of the workings of the Sunday schools as an evangelizing medium and then Rev. George C. Lorimer, D. D., pastor of the Tremont Temple, extended a hearty welcome to the delegates. Hon. Samuel H. Blake, Q. C., of Toronto, responded.

At the Tremont Temple meeting after the reports of the various committees had been presented President-elect Samuel R. Capen of Boston, addressed the convention. The following persons were heard under the head of "work reported."

William Reynolds of Peoria, Ills., on "The International Field;" Rev. H. M. Hamell of Jacksonville, Fla., on "Work In the South;" Hugh Cork of Marshall, Minn., "Work In the North," and Rev. L. B. Maxwell of Savannah, Ga., "Work Among the Colored People."

SPANISH BUYING TRANSPORTS.

She Will Land 75,000 More Troops In Cuba.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24. — The announcement has been made in shipping circles that the Spanish government will use every effort to land in Cuba within the next few months 75,000 troops, and in order that this may be accomplished the Spaniards are buying up a number of smart steamships to be used as transports for the soldiers.

The famous Inman liner City of Richmond, which until lately ran on the line from New York to Southampton, has just been purchased by the Spanish government for the purpose of a transport ship and will within a short time leave Spain with over 4,000 troops for Havana.

She will make the round trip to Havana from Spain inside of four weeks, and will engage constantly in this work in conjunction with several other ships of similar construction, until the entire 75,000 troops are landed.

Filibusters' Trial Postponed.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Another postponement of the alleged filibusters, John D. Hart, Emilio Nunez, Captain John O'Brien and Mate Edward Murphy, was granted by Judge Brown, in the United States circuit court. The counsel stated that Nunez was unable to appear for trial at this time because he is held at Jacksonville, Fla., on a charge similar to the one made against him here. Judge Brown set the case for trial on next Monday.

Belasco Awarded $16,000.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The jury gave David Belasco $16,000 in his suit against Fairbanks of Chicago for training Mrs. Leslie Carter for the stage.

The Jump Killed Him.

BLANCHESTER, O., June 24.—Joseph McCauntain, 35, a stonecutter of Mechanicsburg, W. Va., who has been working in Hillsboro, has been found dead on the Baltimore and Ohio track between here and Midland City. He went to Cincinnati, and it is supposed on his return was carried past this place and attempted to jump off the train. His brother in Hillsboro will take charge of the body.

Can Sell the Southern.

CINCINNATI, June 24.—The supreme court of the state of Ohio has unanimously affirmed the pro forma finding of the lower courts that the plan to sell the Cincinnati Southern road is constitutional and valid. The mayor will shortly issue a notice for a special election to pass upon the proposition submitted by the sinking fund trustees.

To Catch Apache Kid.

TUCSON, A. T., June 24.—Advices from San Bernardino ranch says that Lieutenants Averill and Rice, with two companies of cavalry and 60 scouts, including White mountain, Yuma and Pagago Indians, have been joined by Mexican troops, and are now going south through Senora to catch Apache Kid.

Made Rich by a Vanderbilt.

GREENFIELD, O., June 24.—Abraham Pierson is dead. He was born about 55 years ago in Newark, N. J. When a young man he was a protege of Commodore Vanderbilt's, and by him was enabled to make a fortune before he was 30 years old. He went down in the panic of Black Friday in 1873, and never rallied. He came here about ten years ago, and has since made his home with his nephew, George T. Day, Jr. He was an uncle of Mrs. Howard Douglass of Cincinnati.

Drowned Before His Brother.

HIGGINSPORT, O., June 24.—A 19-year-old son of Abner Newman while bathing in the Ohio got beyond his depth and drowned. His brother went to his assistance and came near sharing the same fate, but broke the death grasp and swam ashore.

Son of a Widow Drowned.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., June 24.—Harry Hayes, the son of Mrs. Mattie Hayes, a widow, of Stokes township, has been drowned while bathing in the Miami river, near the bulkhead of the Lewistown reservoir.

Superintendents Get the Mails.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The postoffice department has issued notifications to postmasters at all offices where Indian schools are located to deliver the mail addressed to minor pupils of those institutions to the superintendents of the schools who will have full control over it.

State of the Gold Reserve.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The treasury has lost $60,700 in gold coin and $15,900 in bars, which leave the true amount of the gold reserve $102,175,340.

WILL ISSUE NOTES.

The Council Provides for Sewer Construction.

ACTION ON THE ORDINANCES.

Election of a Fireman Postponed Until the New Rules are Presented—A Safe Purchased for the City Clerk—Section 154 Stands Unamended.

The city council met in regular session last night with all members present, excepting Mr. Paul. The street commissioner reported an expenditure of $291.95 for general work during the two weeks ending June 20, and $12.75 for cleaning sewers. Orders were drawn for both amounts.

Mayor Schott reported having notified residents in East Tremont street to put in curb and gutters according to the resolution recently adopted.

A report of the sewer commission recommending that the fire department be instructed to pump water out of cellars in State street, was accepted and filed.

The clerk read the following bids for furnishing a safe for the clerk's office: The Diebold Safe and Lock Company, of Canton, submitted a bid of $214 40; The Hall Safe and Lock Company, of Cincinnati, a bid of $225.

A petition signed by sixty-three residents of the first ward requesting the extension of Young street to Guide street, was referred to the street and alley committee.

THE COLUMBIAN HEIGHTS ADDITION.

An ordinance providing for the annexation of Columbian Heights to the city of Massillon was read a second time

An ordinance prohibiting loitering and loafing in the city parks and forbidding persons to remain there after 10:30 o'clock at night, was given a second reading.

An ordinance amending Section 154 of the revised ordinances so as to permit the discharge of fireworks in the park during a musical entertainment, was read a third time. A motion of adoption was lost by Messrs. Brown, Geltz, Kramer, Reay and President Huber voting no.

Engineer Borton offered an ordinance establishing a grade in Cliff street.

The committee on claims and accounts reported not being in favor of paying the Peter Sailer claim. Mr Sailer was assessed for paving on Erie and Main streets abutting his property. As the law provides that a building or lot has but one front and that alone can be assessed, Mr. Sailer demanded that the assessment be refunded. The commitee's report was based on a recent decision of the circuit court to the effect that an assessment voluntarily paid cannot be recovered. The report was adopted.

Further time was granted the committee to which the Pomeroy claim was referred.

At request of Mr. Brown, the committee to which the lighting of railway crossings was referred, was requested to take no action for the time being. Through the solicitor it was ascertained that railway companies could be compelled to place lights at crossings and pay for the same.

The street and alley committee recommended the payment of $400 to Patrick Bruder. Mr. Bruder began action in court to recover damages alleged to have been done his property by the recent fill and grade in State street. Mr. Brown's motion, instructing the committee to settle the claim was agreed to, Mr. Bruder agreeing to withdraw his suit.

The select committee, to which the matter of purchasing a safe for the clerk was referred, recommended the purchase of the Diebold safe. The report was accepted on Mr. Brown's motion.

A resolution was presented by the ways and means committee, which provides as follows: "That notes of the city of Massillon be issued in any sum not exceeding $3,000. Said notes shall be in denominations and for such length of time as the committee may designate and bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent., and shall not be sold for less than their par value. The proceeds shall be applied to improving South street in sewer district No 3, from Erie to Cecil street, East street from North street to sewer district No. 1, to Cherry street and Mill street from Plum north a distance of 170 feet by constructing sewer therein." The resolution was adopted.

A resolution by Mr. Jacoby providing for the construction of curb and gutters on the east side of Factory street was adopted.

THE RAILWAY LIGHTS.

Mr. Brown's resolution to place electric lights at the intersection of North and Hill and North and Pine streets was referred to the light committee.

The street and alley committee was instructed to investigate a complaint of Henry Wetter. The latter's land was washed by storm water.

The street commissioner, on a motion of Mr. Geltz, was instructed to clean several gutters in Park street.

The paving and grading committee was instructed to ascertain the condition of the gutters in South Erie and West Main streets. Complaints were made by E. B. Bayliss and Thomas Morgan.

Mr. Brown's motion to delay electing an additional fireman until next meeting when the committee, will report a new code of rules, was agreed to.

The clerk was authorized on Mr. Brown's motion to advance certain sums to persons to whom sewer contracts were awarded, providing the same are authorized by the sewer commission, was agreed to.

Eli Hill, Lumber City, Pa., writes, "I have been suffering from piles for twenty five years and thonght my case incurable. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me as a pile cure, so I bought a box and it performed a permanent cure." This is only one of thousands of similar cases. Eczema, sores and skin diseases yield quickly when it is used. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FOR GROWING GIRLS.

GARMENTS SPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THEIR NEEDS.

A Green Cashmere Frock For a Girl of Fifteen Years—Printed and Plaid Piques. A Few Words About the Boys and the Babies.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 15.—If there is anything rarer or fairer than a day in June, it is a young girl in her teens. She is the promise of the springtime of life, and she has all the sweet delicacy and beauty of the budding flowers in her face and expectant, wistful eyes. It is a task to find fitting raiment for these young girls, raiment that shall suit their physical needs and not detract from that evanescent bloom of early girlhood. It must be of a color suited to the childlike complexion, a shape adapted to the slender, unformed figure and a style at once childish and womanly—a happy medium between each. In all this great city there are but two houses where a study is made to provide garments especially adapted for

FOR THE LITTLE OR BIG SISTERS.

"growing girls." What a boon these are to mothers I can hardly tell, for if a mother has not the means to buy the dainty gowns shown there she can at least carry away the remembrance in her mind and make up a dress for the girl at home.

For a girl of 15 there was a moss green cashmere frock, the skirt laid in deep box plaits all the way around, but pressed flat at the top. The waist was a blouse of the same material. The blouse was gathered into a cluster on each side, leaving the middle plain. There was a guimpe yoke of pale green and black printed taffeta. This was gathered and made a sort of turret edge with the cashmere. There was a row of tufted dark green moss trimming around the yoke, and three were set across the turreted spaces. The high collar of the taffeta had plaited bows of the same set between two sashes. There was a crush belt with a short crumpled bow and ends of the same. The dress was simply beautiful, and the soft green made a dainty setting for the pure young face. There was a white straw hat trimmed very simply with double fans of plaited silk mull. On the back there was a large straggling bunch of field daisies.

For a young girl a year older—old enough to put her hair up—there was a very pretty gown of printed pique. The pattern was jonquils in their rich yellows on the pure white. The skirt was hemmed and plaited, and there was an open blouse with wide revers and flat collar. The sleeves were crinkled and had plain cuffs. There was a white vest, with high turndown collar, and a tie made of the pique. The belt was of the same, stiffened and stitched. This same design was reproduced in many different colors, and it is worthy of its popularity.

There is some plaid pique which is as pretty a material as I ever saw for serviceable wear for children. The plaid is invariably produced by light lines over the white or neutral groundwork. There are also stripes in fadeless dark reds and indigo blues intended for the hardest usage. Pique is durable and washes well, but is rather harsh and ungraceful except where it can lie in plaits. It makes very pretty and serviceable kilt suits for little boys in the red and white, brown and white and blue and white stripes. As these little garments never remain clean on the average active boy more than half a day it behooves the wise mother to have at least six of these little suits, two of each kind. They have short kilt skirts, little vest front shirts with a belt of the same or something to match and cunning pilot jackets of the same with the regulation sailor collar.

A few words for the boys and babies. Boys just now either hanker after a full fledged tennis suit or white duck trousers, with the English "turn up" at

SUMMER GARMENTS FOR THE CHILDREN.

the bottom. Serge jackets and outing flannel shirts are the proper complements. For the blessed little toddler there is the daintiest little coat of greenish tan surah, all honeycombed at the shoulders and yoke and feather stitched around the bottom, and there is a pert little white silk bonnet and white gloves and stockies, all of which make her look like a dish of delicious ice cream ready to be eaten.

OLIVE HARPER.

CYCLERS AND CYCLING

What Is Going on In the Wheelman's Busy World.

TOM COOPER'S BRILLIANT WORK.

The Hour Record of Tom Linton—Miss Rombach's Mileage—Cycling as a Teacher of Geography—Clever Tricks With the Wheel—Odds and Ends of Gossip.

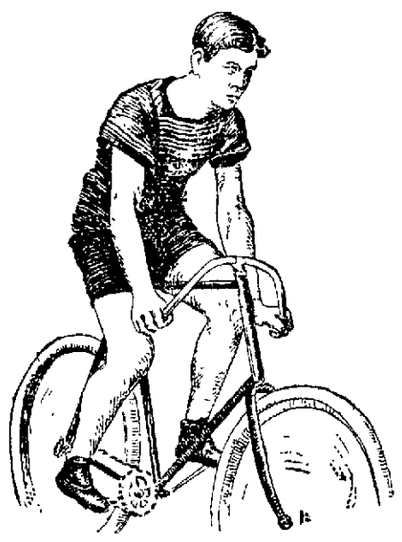
And still the wheel rolls on far in the van of all the other sports, and there is so much to be said of it that the chronicler scarcely knows how to begin or where to leave off.

Among the racing enthusiasts the bright, particular topic of talk is Tom Cooper, his recent successes and his prospects in the contest for the championship.

Cooper, who hails from Detroit, shot across the cycling firmament during the latter part of last season in the most meteorlike fashion. He was the surprise of 1895. At the beginning of the season he was practically an unknown quantity, and it was not until the big meet at Chicago that he showed of what stuff he was made. He met the redoubtable Bald, then in his sixth season of success, and gave that worthy such a grueling fight that the cycling sharps declared he was worth watching. He was, as Mr. Bald found to his cost. It was nip and tuck from the Chicago meet on between the champion and the Detroit boy, with now one and then the other on top. Bald finally won out for the season's premier honors, but by a very narrow margin.

Cooper has done his training, for this season's campaign at Fountain Ferry and Chester park tracks. He has already won nearly a dozen open events, besides making a world's record of 1 minute 25 seconds for the two-thirds of a mile in competition. He is a little, thin fellow, all steel wire, and rides with a dash and confidence born in great part of his continued success. The battle between Bald and Cooper for the championship will be one of the features of the professional racing season.

Tom Linton, who has just created a new cycle record for the hour by going 30 miles



TOM COOPER

and 214 yards at the Velodrome de la Seine, in Paris, is an Englishman with a record. Many long distance riders have been trying for some time to crowd 30 miles into one hour's riding, but Linton is the first to accomplish it. Linton's ride all the way up to 30 miles was remarkable, and the record is interesting. He did his first 5 miles in 9:42, 10 in 19:30 1-5, 15 in 29:33 2-5, 20 in 39:29 2-5, 25 in 49:34 3-5 and 30 in 59:46 1-5. Chase, in his run at Wood Green, occupied 1:01:40 1-5 in going 30 miles, his record for the hour being 29 miles and 300 yards.

There is a little woman in Brooklyn who has perhaps covered more miles during the spring and summer than has any other woman in America.

Since the middle of March last Miss Rombach, who loves nothing better than touring through the country, has ridden nearly 3,000 miles. She is an advocate of bloomers, believing that skirts are a nuisance and very cumbersome. She is now making arrangements for a tour of the White mountains on her wheel some time in August.

Many people who do not ride the wheel are wonderfully ignorant on the subject of local geography. They may have learned at school the names of all the capes round the coast of South Africa, or they could give you a list of the chief towns in Japan, but they could not for the life of them tell you how to get to scores of pretty little towns or villages lying within 30 miles of their own homes. Cycling is absolutely unequaled as a teacher of geography, and it also has the great advantage of converting what is often considered a "dry" subject into a most pleasing and fascinating one.

Of course it is possible to cycle very much and learn very little, but the observant cyclist as he rides gains much valuable knowledge of the vicinage in which he lives.

It is a matter of frequent comment that the safety does not present the opportunities for fancy trick riding that the ordinary did. With all that some very remarkable "stunts" have been thought out by the professional entertainers, one of the most startling of which is performed by the expert Lee Richardson. The rider turns himself around and suddenly lies down on the handlebar, his feet out ahead. In this uncomfortable position he rides, twisting the pedals with his hand. Then he turns over, so to speak, and takes the almost indescribable position shown in the illustration, looking as though he was pulling his wheel along after him by main force.

An exceedingly foolhardy feat was accomplished recently by a cyclist named Maltby at Aberdeen, Scotland. He made a lengthy and perilous ride on the narrow top of the wall of the ocean pier.

Carelessness in coasting is apparently on the increase. With fearful frequency we find in the newspapers accounts of terrible disasters that befall reckless riders who in touring the country coast down steep hills and gorge roads with whose topography they are utterly unacquainted. There is a road in New Jersey winding down the Hudson river palisades on which so many lives have been lost that the rugged ravine along which it lies has come to be called Death's gorge. Coasting is dangerous at best, and indiscriminate coasting is frightful folly.

The latest device for the production of rubber tires, for which an American patent has been secured, is officially described as "a protective covering for pneumatic tires consisting of a padding over the tire, a circumferential spring metal band lying upon said padding and a flexible metallic cloth fitted over and surrounding said band and said padding and adapted to be attached to the rim of the wheel."

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration.

Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 10 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.....

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

$2.50 CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

Cleveland and Toledo.

Via "C & B. LINE"

Steamers "City of Buffalo," (new) "State of Ohio" and "State of New York."

DAILY TIME TABLE, SUNDAY INCLUDED AFTER MAY 30.

Lv. Cleveland, 7:30 P. M. | Lv. Buffalo, 7:30 P. M.
Ar. Buffalo, 7:30 A. M. | Ar. Cleveland, 7:30 A. M.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

Take the "C. & B. Line" steamers and enjoy a refreshing night's rest when enroute to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, New York, Boston, Albany, 1,000 Islands, or any Eastern or Canadian point.

Cheap Excursions Weekly to Niagra Falls. Send 4 cents postage for tour'st pamphlet.

W. F. HERMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. T. F. NEWMAN, Gen'l Manager
CLEVELAND, O.

SUNOL BICYCLES

Best Bicycles to buy are the Sunol, Hercules, Stella.

F. H. SNYDER, Agent, Massillon, O.

FOR YOUR OUTING GO TO PICTURESQUE MACKINAC ISLAND.

ONE THOUSAND MILES OF LAKE RIDE AT SMALL EXPENSE.

Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about $13 from Detroit; $15 from Toledo; $18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing $300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit, and Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Hookway & Foltz is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr Fred Hookway retiring. The business will be conducted by J. W. Foltz, who assumes all liabilities of the firm, and to whom all accounts must be paid.

HOOKWAY & FOLTZ.

June 1st, 1896.

The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

TAKE THE

TO MACKINAC DETROIT PETOSKEY CHICAGO

2 New Steel Passenger Steamers

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of

COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN

Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac

PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. From Cleveland, $18; from Toledo, $15; from Detroit, $13.50.

EVERY EVENING

Between Detroit and Cleveland

Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only.

EVERY DAY BETWEEN

Cleveland, Put-in-Bay & Toledo

Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.

The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

A FORCED SALE

of Men's, Boys' and Children's

FINE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS AND FURNISHINGS

FOR READY CASH.

You all know what it means to be forced to sell out. We're in that shape. At no time in the life of this store, have we been so overstocked. Sooner or later the surplus stock must be unloaded, no matter what the sacrifice be. We propose to get rid of it now, at once. We only take into consideration the fact that everybody concerned wants their share of what is due them as quickly as possible, and as there remains but 17 more business days and our season is over—it is imperatively necessary, before that time to convert the greater part of this immense stock into cash. We can't put it off any longer. The selling must be quick and sharp. The goods must be sold. It's compulsion, not a matter of choice. A colossal and unprecedented sale of Seasonable Merchandise

Will Open SATURDAY, JUNE 13, and must close on FRIDAY, JULY 3rd, 1896

We have concluded that 'twas better to take a big, quick loss at once in preference to carrying the goods to another season and incurring more expense. DANGER! DANGER!! DANGER!!! We didn't observe the danger signal—we ran plumb into it; hence this merciless massacre of prices. A complete collapse of values. A sale that will sink into insignificance any offer ever made. We are terribly overstocked and must unload, Regardless of Cost, Actual Value, or Positive Loss.

Witness the Price Destruction. When we say we do it, we do it. See if we don't.

If You've a Glimmer of Respect for the Mighty Dollar, Invest It Here.

Boys' Suits, Ages 11 to 19	Regular wholesale price.. 4.75	Regular retail price . 6.00	Forced Sale Price 3.25
Childs' Two Piece Suits	Regular wholesale price..1.35	Regular retail price.....1.75	Forced Sale Price 1.00
Boys' Suits Ages 11 to 19	Regular wholesale price. 7.00	Regular retail price ... 8.50	Forced Sale Price 4.25

50 doz. Suspenders, worth 20c, now 9c

38 doz. Fine Neckwear, 50 and 75c qualities, now. 23c

Night Shirts, worth $1.00, now..... 69c

Sox, worth 7 and 10c, now..... 4c

Handkerchiefs, white or colored, worth 10c, now . 5c

Here's Where Dollars Become Elastic--See 'Em Stretch.

MEN'S SUITS.	Regular wholesale price. 4.25	Regular retail price... 5.50	Forced Sale Price 2.75
MEN'S SUITS.	Regular wholesale price. 6.50	Regular retail price..... 8.00	Forced Sale Price 4.00
MEN'S SUITS.	Regular wholesale price..11.00	Regular retail price... .13.00	Forced Sale Price 7.00
MEN'S SUITS.	Regular wholesale price 15.00	Regular retail price.....18.00	Forced Sale Price 10.00

Men's Stiff or Soft hats, 1.50 and 2.00 values. . 1.00

Men's Straw Hats, 75c and 1.00 values . . .48

Boys' Straw Hats, 35c and 50c values. 23

Boys' Caps, 50c and 75c values.. . . . . 23.

We Abandon All Profit to the Purchaser During this Sale.

MEN'S PANTS	Regular wholesal price. .1.33	Regular retail price. . ..1.50	Forced Sale Price .75
MEN'S PANTS	Regular wholesale price 1.87	Regular retail price.....2.25	Forced Sale Price 1.25
MEN'S PANTS	Regular wholesale price 3.25	Regular retail price... . 4.00	Forced Sale Price 2.25

Colored Shirts, laundered . . .45

White Shirts, unlaundered, 3 for..... 1.00
Actually worth 50c each.

Regular 1.00 Sweaters go for 50

Regular 50c Sweaters go for.. 25

Soft Shirts, 50c and 75c values.. 39

Hammocks, the best in the world, for..... 1.00

$5.00 Trunks, in this sale for.....3.00

This will be the most startling sale of **Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings** of the age. Disagreeable as the loss is to us, there is no alternative. But we must be mercenary. It's beyond our power to give you credit. Nothing can leave the store, under any circumstances, unless it has been paid for. No goods sent on approval, but your money back for the asking. We will make no exceptions, rich or poor—we cannot give you credit. We must have the money.

C. M. WHITMAN,

18 SOUTH ERIE STREET, MASSILLON, O.

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TEXT OF PLATFORM.

The Declaration of Principles Adopted at St. Louis.

GOLD STANDARD THE KEYNOTE.

Protection and Reciprocity Endorsed. Interfence of the United States in Cuba Favored—A Temperance Plank Adopted. Greater Freedom to Women Favored.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—The following is the platform adopted by the Republican national convention:

The Republicans of the United States, assembled by their representatives in national convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of 80 years of Republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselvers to the awakened intelligence, experience and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

For the first time since the civil war the American people have now witnessed the calamitous consequences of full and unrestricted Democratic control of unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and disaster. In the administrative management it has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue, eked out ordinary current running expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt $262,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, kept a perpetual menace hanging over the redemption fund for pawned American credit to alien syndicates and reversed all the measures and results of successful Republican rule. In the broad effect of this policy it has precipitated panic, reduced work and wages, halted enterprise and crippled American production while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable of conducting it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad and shall be restored to the party which for 30 years administered it with unequal success and prosperity.

Declares For Protection.

We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secure the American market for American producers; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its responsible application it is just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism. And in this connection we heartily endorse the wisdom, patriotism and the success of the administration of President Harrison.

We denounce the present Democratic tariff as sectional, partisan and onesided and disastrous to the treasury and destructive of business enterprise, and we demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government, but will protect American labor from degradation and the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedules. The question of rates is a practical question to be governed by the condition of times and of production. The ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country wants a right settlement and then it wants rest.

We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last Republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, remove the restrictions which now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of other countries, and secure enlarged markets for the products of our farms, forests and factories.

Must Re-Establish Reciprocity.

Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of Republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both and both must be re-established.

Protection for what we produce; free admission for the necessaries of life which we do not produce; reciprocity agreements of mutual interests which gain open markets for us in return for our open market to others. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade and secures our own market for ourselves; reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.

We condemn the present administration for not keeping faith with the beet sugar producers of this country, the Republican party favors such protection as will lead to the production on American soil of all the sugar which the Americans use, and for which they pay to other countries more than $100,000,000 annually.

To all our products—to those of the mine and field as well as to those of the shop and the factory—to hemp, to wool, the product of the great industry of sheep husbandry, as well as to the finished woolens of the mill—we promise the most ample protection.

We favor restoring the early American policy of discriminating duties for the upbuilding of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign carrying trade, so that American shipping, the product of the American laborer employed in American shipyards sailing under the Stars and Stripes and manned, officered and owned by Americans, may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce.

The Republican party is undoubtedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879, since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency now in circulation must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States, and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

The veterans of the Union army deserve and should receive fair treatment and generous recognition. Whenever practicable they should be given the preference in the matter of employment, and they are entitled to the enactment of such laws as are best calculated to secure the fulfillment of the pledges made to them in the dark days of the country's peril. We denounce the practice in the pension bureau, so recklessly and unjustly carried on by the present administration, of reducing pensions and arbitrarily dropping names from the rolls, as deserving the severest condemnation of the American people.

Our foreign policy should be at all times firm, vigorous and dignified, and all our interests in the Western hemisphere carefully watched and guarded. The Hawaiian Islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them. the Nicaragua canal should be built, owned and operated by the United States, and by the purchase of the Danish Islands we should secure a proper and much needed naval station in the West Indies.

The massacres in Armenia have aroused the deep sympathy and just indignation of the American people, and we believe that the United States should exercise all the influence it can properly exert to bring these atrocities to an end. In Turkey American residents have been exposed to the gravest dangers, and Armenian property destroyed. There and everywhere American citizens and American property must be absolutely protected at all hazards and at cost.

We reassert the Monroe doctrine in its full extent, and we reaffirm the right of the United States to give the doctrine effect by responding to the appeals of any American state for friendly intervention in case of European encroachment. We have not interfered and shall not interfere with the existing possessions of any European power in this hemisphere, but those possessions must not, on any pretext, be extended. We hopefully look forward to the eventual withdrawal of the European powers from this hemisphere, and to the ultimate union of all English speaking part of the continent by the free consent of its inhabitants.

Give Cuba Independence.

From the hour of achieving their own independence the people of the United States have regarded with sympathy the struggles of other American peoples to free themselves from European domination. We watch with deep and abiding interest the heroic battle of the Cuban patriots against cruelty and oppression, and our best hopes go out for the full success to their determined contest for liberty.

The government of Spain, having lost control of Cuba, and being unable to protect the property or lives of resident American citizens, or to comply with its treaty obligations, we believe that the government of the United States should actively use its influence and good offices to restore peace and give independence to the island.

The peace and security of the republic and the maintenance of its rightful influence among the nations of the earth demand a naval power commensurate with its position and responsibility. We, therefore, favor the continued and enlargement of the navy and a complete system of harbor and seacoast defenses.

For the protection of the quality of our American citizenship and of the wages of our workingmen against the fatal competition of lowpriced labor, we demand that the immigration laws be thoroughly enforced, and so extended as to exclude from the entrance to the United States those who can neither read nor write.

The Civil Service.

The civil service law was placed on the statute book by the Republican party which has always sustained it, and we renew our repeated declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practical.

We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot, and that such ballot shall be counted and returned as cast.

We proclaim our unqualified condemnation to the uncivilized and barbarous practice, well known as lynching or killing of human beings, suspected or charged with crime, without process of law.

We favor the creation of a national board of arbitration to settle and adjust differences which may arise between employers and employes engaged in interstate commerce.

We believe in an immediate return to the free homestead policy of the Republican party, and urge the passage by congress of the satisfactory free homestead measure which has already passed the house and is now pending in the senate.

We favor the admission of the remaining territories at the earliest practicable date, having due regard to the interests of the people of the territories and of the United States. All the federal officers appointed for the territories should be elected from bona fide residents thereof, and the right of self government should be accorded as far as practicable.

We believe the citizens of Alaska should have representation in the congress of the United States to the end that needful legislation may be intelligently enacted.

A Temperance Plank.

We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

The Republican party is mindful of the rights and interest of women. Protection of American industries includes equal opportunities, equal pay for equal work, and protection to the home. We favor the admission of women to wider spheres of usefulness, and welcome their co-operation in rescuing the country from Democratic and Populist mismanagement and misrule.

Such are the principles and policies of the Republican party. By these principles we will abide and these policies we will put into execution. We ask for them the considerate judgment of the American people. Confident alike in the history of our great party and in the justice of our cause, we present our platform and our candidates in the full assurance that the election will bring victory to the Republican party and prosperity to the people of the United States.

TELLER FOR PRESIDENT.

The Silver Bolters Decide to Support Him.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—The 25 silver men who walked out held a miniature convention of their own and agreed to spring Senator Teller of Colorado, who had been their leader in the independent movement, as a candidate for president. This plan will be consummated at a meeting to be held today, when an address will be issued.

Counting Senators Carter and Mantle and four senators, Teller, Dubois, Cannon and Pettigrew, who went out, there are six United States senators who participated in the protest against the gold plank. They constitute almost one-seventh of the Republican strength in the senate.

Their defection reduces the Republican representation in the United States senate to 38, and makes the Republican vote one less than that of the Democrats.

Ten People Killed.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., June 19.—At the Taylor cycle park, one mile west of this city, the steam yacht Titus Sheard exploded her boiler. Ten people were killed.

The Drowned Numbered 244.

BREST, France, June 19.—It is now known that 244 people were drowned by the wrecking of the British steamer Drummond Castle.

THEY SAW MILLIONS,

But the Alluring Prospects Vanish Into Thin Air.

There is plenty of money to be made in the manufacture of patent medicines, and a number of local gentlemen were doubtless in full possession of this fact when, a few months ago, they subscribed for from $25 to $1,000 worth of stock each in a concern that was known as the Standard Medicine Company. The headquarters of the firm were then in Cleveland but one Mr. J. J. Firestone, who appeared to be one of the main pushers of the enterprise, wanted to change its location to Massillon, and thus accounted for his coming to this city to secure stockholders. After the company was organized, not a few of those interested learned some facts of which they had previously been ignorant. They found that the concern was not nearly as prosperous as they had supposed and it appeared to them like a sheer waste of money to endeavor to bring it to a paying basis.

Everybody now wants to get out of the concern as suits against the company for claims, great and small, are being piled up in the various courts with alarming rapidity. The cases of local interest are those filed by Eggert & McLaughlin, of this city. One is for Edwin Spindler, of Akron, the firm's traveling agent, in the common pleas court of this county, for $766 alleged to be due him for salary; another for C. B. Arthur in Justice Folger's court in this city for $150 which represents his salary for 2½ months, and E. B. Eggert's suit in 'Squire Sibila's court for $264 said to be due him as attorney fees. J. J. Firestone, the president of the company, was arrested in Akron last Friday at the instance of 'Squire Ringle, of Canton, another stockholder, on a charge of obtaining property under false pretenses. Firestone waived examination before Mayor Rice, of Canton, and gave bond for his appearance later, in the sum of $1,500. Then there are a number of other cases of interest to those only who are concerned.

PROFITABLE PUBLICITY.

The Busines Bringing Value of Local Newspaper.

By Nath'l C. Fowler. Jr.
Doctor of Publicity.

The local paper is for local readers. It reaches nobody else, and is confined to the people of the town or city, and of the surrounding country.

Its readers live within a few miles of its place of issue, and depend upon the local stores for everything they eat and drink, for about everything they wear, and for nearly everything they use.

The circulars mailed, or delivered, to the local homes, or distributed upon the street, may und may not be read, but the local advertisement in the local newspaper is read, because the newspaper is read.

Ninety-nine per cent. of the families read the newspapers, and one hundred per cent. of everybody, with brains and money enough to buy anything, are regular readers of local papers.

The great magazine is appreciated; the story paper is read; but frequently they are skipped, and occasionally the subscription runs out; but no self-respecting man or woman, misses any issue of the local paper, for every item in that paper and every advertisement has a direct bearing upon local life, local necessity and local interest.

The local newspaper is the only medium that is indispensable to the family, and to the man and woman of home and character.

The local newspaper enters the home and may be the only medium read and re-read by every member of the family.

The advertisement in the local newspaper per copy printed, is worth from twice to ten times as much as any in other method of local advertising.

Other mediums may be of value; advertising in the local newspaper must be of value.

The advertisement not only connects possible customers with sellers, but it brings probable customers into direct touch with the goods advertised.

All local advertisers may not be successful, but their never was a successful retailer who wasn't an extensive advertiser in local newspapers.

WINONA LAKE EXCURSIONS.

Special Rates via Pennsylvania Lines for Winona Assembly.

Season excursion tickets to Winona lake (formerly Eagle lake, Ind.,) will be sold via Pennsylvania lines on and after June 21st. The return limit will include October 31st, allowing a season's sojourn at this delightful resort. Special low rate tickets, good returning fifteen days from date of sale, will also be sold during the months of June, July and August.

Winona lake is the site of Winona Assembly, which affords notable opportunities for recreation, instruction, entertainment and devotion. The Assembly grounds, comprising over 200 acres, surround the lake, a beautiful sheet a clear water near Warsaw, Ind., on the Fort Wayne route. Many pretty cottages have been erected on the grounds, which are nicely shaded. The improvements include a fine park, bicycle track and ball ground, with a large amphitheater; an auditorium serting over 3,000 persons; college balls, hotel, restaurants, and supply stores. Rates for entertainment at the hotel and boarding houses will be found very reasonable. The fishing is fine, and the large fleet of row boats and steamers afford facilities for delightful boating. The summer school will be in session from July 20th to August 14th, in charge of Dr. John M. Coulter. In August a bible conference will be held under the direction of Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman. Well known educators and lecturers will take part in the educational work. Time may be pleasantly and profitably passed at this pleasant resort, and body and mind invigorated by health giving recreation and instructive entertainment.

For rates and information about train facilities apply to ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address F. Van Dusen, chief assistant general passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa. For information concerning the Assembly address Rev. R. V. Hunter, Eagle Lake P. O., Ind.

The most stubborn skin and scalp diseases, the worst forms of scrofula, all blood-taints and poisons of every name and nature, are utterly rooted out by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For every disease caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, it is specific. Eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, erysipelas, boils, carbuncles, enlarged glands, tumors and swellings, and every kindred ailment, are completely and permanently cured by it.

The Bicycle Girl

Or Man—will find—that the—

LIGHTNING HOT DROPS

Is their friend as an external remedy for Pains, Sprains, Cuts, Scratches and Bruises and all like accidental ailments.

CARRY A BOTTLE ALONG.

You'll find it of particular use when Gripes, Pains in the Stomach come on—nothing better for Cramps or Cholera Morbus.

50c size holds twice as much as the 25c size.

HERB MEDICINE COMPANY,
SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

Sold by Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton

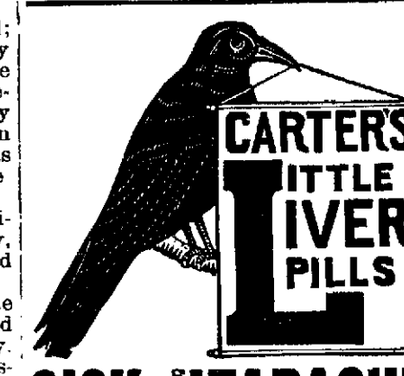
THIS CAN'T HAPPEN WITH AN IVORY TOP

"IVORY TOP" lamp chimneys represent the result that glass experts have been trying to produce since the day glass was discovered. They will not break with heat, and will stand ten times more knocking than any lamp chimney was ever expected to stand. Besides their strength and economy, they look best on the lamp. When the old chimney breaks, get an

IVORY TOP

and end the trouble. Your dealer has them, or will get them if you ask him. Refuse all substitutes. A book telling all about lamps and their care, sent free.

THE LIPPINCOTT GLASS CO.,
Alexandria, Ind.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

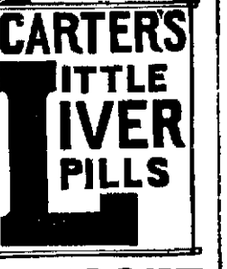
Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

For Your Protection we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

CATARRH



ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Colds. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

IT WILL CURE **COLD IN HEAD**

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Your Stomach Distresses You

after eating a hearty meal, and the result is a chronic case of Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, or a bilious attack.

RIPANS TABULES

Promote Digestion, Regulate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Purify the Blood, and are a positive Cure for Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other Diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They act gently but promptly, and perfect digestion follows their use.

Ripans Tabules take the place of an Entire Medicine Chest, and should be kept for use in every family.

Price, 60 Cents a box. At Druggists, or by mail. RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 Spruce St., New York.

THE GREATEST

Clearance Sale

—IN—

PIANOS, ORGANS and Musical Instruments,

in the history of Stark County. If you intend to buy a Piano, don't miss this opportunity. We will save you big money.

Your Credit is Good If you have not the cash. Call and see that we do what we say.

. . . CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS. . . .

MEUSER & CO.,... North Erie Street, Next to Armory.

Pianos Tuned, Repaired and Polished.

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News. Now is the time to subscribe.

QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE.

Workingmen and farmers wanted to locate in the South. No blizzards; no cold waves, no sunstrokes. Land on the line of the QUEEN & CRESCENT sells for $3.00 to $5.00 an acre, and on easy terms. They're raising 40 to 50 bushels of corn per acre. Grass grows green ten months in the year. Healthy climate. Good churches and schools. Write W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, for books and maps. Round-trip tickets South June 2nd and 16th, July 7th and 21st, Aug. 4th and 18th, Sept. 1st and 15th, and Oct. 6th and 20th, about half rates; one-way tickets first Tuesday each month, half rates. Go South and find the easiest place on earth to secure your own home, with your own

LAND AND A LIVING

Suggestions for those in Search of Health

Get rid of the bondage of habit.

The use of condiments in your food such as pepper, spices, too much salt, do not nourish but create an abnormal appetite.

In many diseases it is not good to partake of too much animal food.

If you are ill it is better to lay aside the use of por tea and coffee.

Do not eat or drink when over heated or angry.

Eat slowly. It is not well to drink while eating.

If you wish to increase your fat and flesh drink freely of water.

Do not neglect bathing, and rub the body after a bath until the skin is warm and red.

Have a regular time for rest and eating.

Keep your feet warm, and head cool.

If you are inclined to be melancholy sleep on the right side.

Don't talk against anyone. If you have ill feelings against any person seek to do them a kindness.

Do not think evil of anyone. Get rid of all of your evil suspicions and jealous thoughts. Cast them out of your mind as you would a viper, for such thoughts will injure your disposition, weaken your body, and ruin your health.

Do not listen to gossip against your neighbor, and remember there is something good that you can say of every one.

Do not worry about that which you can not help because it can do you no good, and do not worry about that which you can help because if you can help it you should do so and then you won't have anything to worry over.

Cultivate a cheerful, pleasant disposition, and you can be more easily cured of any disease that may afflict you.

WHAT DR. KUTCHIN DOES DO.

Dr. Kutchin makes the first object of his life to heal the afflicted, the second, to get a well-deserved reputation as a healer of diseases among the people; the third, is to earn a modest compensation in order to properly care for himself and family.

He does all that he agrees to, and oftimes more, and when failure does occur it can always be traced to carelessness, imprudence, or overwork on the part of the patient.

He deals candidly, liberally and honorably with all alike, taking advantage of none as to condition or circumstance.

Last, but not least, he cures after all methods but his have failed.

DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

EX. U. S. SURGEON.

Specialist in Chronic Diseases.

WHAT DR. KUTCHIN DOES NOT DO.

He does not frighten people into doctoring by holding up a plea of a speedy death before their eyes. He does not urge the sick to take treatment when he knows them to be incurable. Neither does he by false promises hold the sick under his care month after month while doing them no good.

He does not persuade helpless incurables to doctor out the last month of their lives, or give up their last dime for medicine.

He does not take patients under a so-called false guarantee pretending to charge only for medicine and taking whatever amount he can get, or make the object of his life to extort money from the sick.

HUNDREDS OF SO CALLED INCURABLE CASES CURED!

Thousands of Men All over the country are being slowly bled to death year after year owing to the vital fluids passing off with the urine (water). They feel all run down, dragged out and whipped of energy and ambition, but are all unconscious of where the true cause of their trouble lies. Seeking relief from the family doctor, they are treated for Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Heart Troubles or Rheumatism and Kidney Disease, but to no purpose. They try patented nostrums, but these disappoint them. These sufferers may be of all ages, from mere boys to advanced life, but the majority are middle-aged married men who have worked day and night, as you might say, for years and years. If such will come to the Doctor, and bring a bottle of their urine, he will show them the cause of their trouble.

The Chronic Afflicted In order to have the skill of the Noted Specialist, must either go to such specialist, or the Specialist must go to them. Statistics show that among all chronic sufferers, not more than one in five hundred ever go to the larger cities to receive treatment; this fact is owing mainly to: The terrible dread the sick have of leaving home and going into the turmoil, noise and confusion of a great city, and the worry and exhaustion incident to travel. Also the great expense of the trip and the unreasonable prices charged for examination and treatment. It is a notorious fact that chronic diseases are so distinct from acute ones that the regular practitioner, as a rule, wants nothing to do with them, and if satisfied with his income, will frankly say so, hence the necessity of the specialist; and that he shall put himself where those patients uncured by their Family Doctor may see him and receive first-class treatment, although unable to visit the city to secure a like quality of skill. The fact that a city specialist visits your county seat, and receives and prescribes for patients at your best hotel does not in the least detract from his skill, honesty, integrity or respectability. For if a man is a gentleman at home he is a gentleman everywhere. Does Dr. Kutchin cure everybody? No! Does he treat every case that goes to him? No! But he does cure a greater percentage of cases accepted for treatment than any specialist of our acquaintance. His business has assumed such gigantic proportions in Ohio that he has found it an absolute necessity to confine his work almost entirely to this State. This enables everyone under his care to communicate with or see the Doctor on short notice at all times.

☞DR. KUTCHIN IS NO STRANGER IN THIS COUNTY HE HAS BEEN MAKING REGULAR VISITS HERE FOR THREE YEARS.

☞ **SPECIAL NOTICE.—In all obscure diseased conditions DR. KUTCHIN requests the afflicted to bring a sample of urine for free analysis. This should be the first passed on arising. Let the afflicted remember that Dr. H. LESTER KUTCHIN visits this country regularly every month for the convenience and benefit of his patients. He can be consulted FREE of CHARGE in his private parlors at the**

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Friday, July 10, '96

Consultation, Examination and Advice, Free.
Return visits made every 28 days

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN COLUMBUS, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 North Erie St., Massillon, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

Long Distance Telephone No. 60.
Farmer's Telephone No. 60.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1896.

Professe Peabody says that of the 496,920 people of Boston, 226,752 of them patronize the bars of the city every day.

The Republicans of Massillon have lost no time in falling into line. Fortunately we are nearly all Republicans this year, and it will be a pleasant thing to recall in later years that we had a hand in the making of a President to a more important extent than merely voting for our candidate.

Major McKinley has taken the measure of the public's mind very carefully in determining that the campaign, so far as he can control it, shall be run on popular lines. There are to be no newspaper subsidies, no extravagances, but plenty of speech making, and an honest and above-board effort to place the truth before the people.

This is a sad and sorrowful day to the Canton News-Democrat. It must bend the knee to "a brief collection of bacilli" or stay out of the Democratic party. As a compromise settlement, THE INDEPENDENT suggests that the News-Democrat join the broad-gauge Prohibitionists. There are only eleven members of that party in Stark county, and they might possibly be led to glorious victory by the interesting News-Democrat.

It is dreadful to think of the feelings of those saintly men, the Hon. Archibald McGregor, Banker Raff, Postmaster Monnot, Swordsman Monnot and others who shall be nameless, as they saw these bad, bad central committeemen's delegates go into the Democratic state convention today There is compensation for them in the thought that at least the wicked have ceased from troubling and the weary are at rest. And then again, while the mass convention patriots have not been recognized by the state convention, they have been by the secretary of state who has given them the offices. "What are we here for," remarked the immortal Flanagan, "if it's not for the offices," and the truly good McGregor, and early rising Bernower are in a position to echo that sentiment.

THE CITIZEN'S OPPORTUNITY.

The proposed combination of seceding Republicans, Populists and Democrats gives to our own Citizen Coxey a position of greater strategic importance than any he has heretofore occupied. According to the surface of events there is a fair prospect that Senator Henry M. Teller will be chosen to lead the free silver forces of the country. Already endorsed by the seceding Republicans, he has also been recognized by several of the national committeemen of the Populist party, and if the triple alliance meets with no reverses, its strength before the people will be great. There is no denying the force of the free silver wave. Much, however, depends upon the Populists. Their party has been created very largely, for the purpose of propogating the fiat money heresy. Mr. Coxey is the undisputed leader of the faction which clamors for paper money and lots of it. Whether he will recommend a surrender to the free silver element, on the theory that free silver would be a step in the direction of free paper is now the question. Mr. Coxey cannot insure the success of free silver by dropping his own hobbies, but he can seal the everlasting doom of free silver by refusing to have anything to do with it. The time has come when his fellow Populists who have been giving him scant courtesy must now bend the knee and ask for favors.

ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

Senator Lodge contributes a paper on "English Elections" in the July Harper's Magazine, in which he shows that the United States is not the only country which could with advantage improve its political methods.

The practice of pelting a candidate and the ladies who accompany him, according to the English custom, is apparently a common diversion in the English elections. Sir William and Lady Harcourt were pelted at Derby, and I saw many allusions to similar instances. There is no need, however, of multiplying examples. I have given, I think, enough cases to show the orderly methods of political discussion in England which our Anglo American critics would have us imitate.

I now come to the matter of charges made against public men during the canvass for the purpose of affecting votes. The correspondent of the New York Tribune, in a letter written at the time, sums up some of the campaigning as follows: "Campaign literature by the ton; roorbacks sprung in Ireland; press extracts showing how bad an opinion Lord Salisbury once had of Mr. Chamberlain, and how cordially that dislike was reciprocated by the Birmingham leader; parallel columns brought into play against one Unionist leader after another; and criminations about the purchase of the Ulster votes answered by recriminations about the government cordit contracts." This list, however, does not cover by any means all the charges of a personal character put forward during the canvass.

M. Benn, who was running in one of the London divisions, was attacked by his opponents because his insane brother had in a fit of madness killed their father. Even in the politics of "our violent people" a charge of this sort for political purposes would, I think, be considered cruel.

Mr. Chamberlain said in a speech at Birmingham on August 3d, "How can you grant sincerity to a man who in one breath denounces the House of Lords and seeks to abolish it, and in another gives reason for the suspicion that he has been selling peerages to the highest bidder?" I have no knowledge whatever as to the foundation of this charge, but considered merely as a campaign attack on the leader of one of the two great parties, a man of the very highest character, I think it will be admitted that even the violence of the American presidential election can hardly show anything more serious.

THE BEGINNING OF M'KINLEY.

"It is a high, solemn, almost awful thought for every individual man," wrote Thomas Carlyle, "that his earthly influence, which has had a commencement, will never through all ages, were he the very meanest of us, have an end!" Twenty years ago, a combination of circumstances, comparatively unimportant in themselves, brought together Wm. McKinley, Mark Hanna and John McBride. Out of those circumstances came a continued political support for Major McKinley, without which he could not have remained in congress, but must have returned to the ranks, a private citizen. A review of these plain facts has been written for THE INDEPENDENT by Mr. William Findley, of Newman, who does so in these words:

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

Your request of the 18th inst., asking me to write Major McKinley's connection with the mining troubles of 1876, in the Massillon district, is received, and in reply I would say it affords me a great pleasure at any time to render you in my feeble manner, any assistance at my command, and more especially is this true when such a man as Major McKinley's interests are to be benefitted, for I have always regarded him as the cleanest politician I have ever had the pleasure of meeting. This, together with his friendliness toward labor, from 1876 to the present time, has allowed him to hold the first mortgage on my vote, to foreclose at his pleasure.

Major McKinley's connection with the mining troubles of 1876 in the Massillon district, or possibly better known as the "Warmington riot," was the earnest interest he manifested in behalf of the miners, while conducting their defense during their trial, having associated with him, Seraphim Meyer, of Canton, and Robert H. Folger, of Massillon. When the miners' committee waited on Major McKinley, requesting him to conduct their case, and informing him of their condition, they were without one cent to pay him for his services, but made good promises. After listening attentively to their statements he said: "Boys, I will take charge of your case and do the best I can for you." The results of his efforts were that every miner was acquitted except Anthony Moran, who was sent to the penitentiary for one year, but was soon released through Major McKinley's influence. From the first pay the miners received thereafter, they contributed what money they could spare as a part payment for the excellent legal services rendered. The committee again called upon Major McKinley to ascertain his fees, and make a part payment on the same. He said: "Boys, have you seen Mr Meyer and Mr. Folger?" and upon being informed in the negative, he said: "Take what money you have to them and pay them off; my services will cost you nothing." It was then that Major McKinley captured the friendship of Youngstown Hill and North Lawrence in such a manner that he has had a "cinch" upon it ever since.

His service in Congress was watched with interest, pride and satisfaction by his miner friends. One noticeable feature of the above trial and today is, the man who has successfully managed the McKinley campaign for the Republican nomination, was at that time one of the coal operators interested in the prosecution of the major's clients, and I am informed that it was at this same trial where the foundation was laid upon which Major McKinley and Mark Hanna built their friendship which seems to have grown ever since. It might be well to say right here, that while Mark Hanna was identified with coal miners in this district, he enjoyed the distinction of being recoguized by our miners the fairest and most gentlemanly operator we had to deal with at that time, and his surprise at the intelligent and business tactics found among the miners, was appreciated by them. And now that he has espoused the cause of our friend to a successful issue, it makes us think more of him than ever before.

Aboard Ship.

Sea voyages are usually deemed promotive of health. So they are in most cases. But it may well be doubted if the shaking up aboard ship, which people of very fragile constitution and weak nerves get, is not prejudicial if its effects are not averted or nullified by a medicinal safeguard. The best, if we are to believe the testimony of ocean travelers, whether they go abroad for health, pleasure or business, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Invalids, commercial travelers, sea captains and yachtmen concur in recommending this fine defensive tonic. So do emigrants to the frontier, the inhabitants of malarious regions, and all who are exposed to hardship or rigors of climate. For malarial, rheumatic or kidney trouble, nervousness, dyspepsia, liver complaint and constipation it is eminently efficacious, and commended by the medical fraternity far and near.

"I am on old soldier of the Rebellion. A year ago I was in bed all winter with chronic rheumatism. The doctors failed to give me relief. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters put me on my feet. It is worth its weight in gold."—W. B. Knapp, Litchfield, Hillsdale Co., Mich.

It would be hard to convince a man suffering from bilious colic that his agony is due to a microbe with an unpronounceable name. But one dose of DeWitt's Colic and Cholera Cure will convince him of its power to afford instant relief. It kills pain. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

BEACH CITY GOES WET

Anothe Local Option Election Saturday.

WOMEN WANTED TO VOTE.

But Were Not Given the Opportunity—The "Wets" Scored a Victory Two to One—Latest News From Navarre—News of Other Nearby Towns.

BEACH CITY, June 23.—Beach City voted on the liquor exclusion question on Saturday, under the local option law, the result standing 33 to 73 in favor of the wets. At the polls thirty-six women presented themselves and asked for the right to vote. They were turned away.

THE STORM AT ORRVILLE.

ORRVILLE, June 22.—Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock a terrible storm, or we might say a cyclone, passed through the southern part of this city, doing great damage, blowing fruit and ornamental trees down, chimneys and roofs from dwelling houses, the roof of our large flouring mill was partly demolished, the stack at the elevator was blown down, the front of the electric light building was blown down, also their wires in the southern part of the city, in South Main street. The engine house of the Pennsylvania Railway Company was badly wrecked, and they were obliged to call the wrecking crew here from Wooster to straighten the building.. The funeral services of J. W. Bricker were held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, from his late residence. Mr. Bricker was 56 years of age and an old soldier, and a member of the Post here. Mr. Bricker was sick for some time with consumption, and death finally relieved him on Friday night.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

NAVARRE, June 22.—A number of our citizens are in Massillon today attending the case of Landlord Buss against the Standard Medicine Company to recover over $100 alleged to be due on a board bill, which is being tried before Justice Folger.

PARIS GREEN ON THE BREAD.

BOLIVAR, June 25.—As Wilson Carling was eating breakfast Monday morning, he noticed something on the piece of bread he was preparing to eat. He called his mother's attention to it, and she thought it was a green mold. Mr. Ed. Carling, the father, had several physicians examine it and they pronounced it Paris Green, pure and unadulterated. How it got on the bread is a mystery, as Carlings had none about the house.

A change has taken place in the working force in the Bolivar mills. Frank Swigart has thrown up his position as engineer, and is looking for another job. Clinton Burns has taken his place for the present and as soon as an engineer can be secured, Mr. Burns will take his position in the mill, in the place of Samuel Barr, the present miller, who has rented the Hugo Peters farm near Dundee, O., and will henceforth till the soil and grow wheat instead of turning it into flour... Children's day will be observed one week from next Sabbath at the English Lutheran church...The festival at Sherman church last Saturday evening was well attended, notwithstanding the cool weather. They came out all right financially...The farmers have been cutting wheat this week and you can see wheat shocks in whatever direction you look. Wheat is thin on the ground but well filled...Mrs. Almira Brubaker is visiting friends in Defiance county...Mrs. Mary C. Keefer has gone to Canton to visit her sister, Miss Jennie B. Haut...The Rev. Karl Nagal has commenced his German school and has quite a large attendance. He is a bright German and English scholar and his school can not help but prove a success...Chas. Carring has returned after quite an extended visit in Cleveland...The party having the contract for the excavating at the school house preparator to putting in a furnace, has commenced work. The stone is being hauled as fast as they can be gotten out of the quarry. The furnace is to be completed by September 1...The lawn fete was an entire failure on account of the rain. The Juniors propose holding a festival and dance on the evening of July 4th, when we hope they will have better success... The citizens of the village met in W. F. App's shaving parlor the other evening to agitate the propriety of holding a regular old-fashioned Fourth of July celebration. After a few short speeches it was decided to have a grand old time on that day. Consequently a committee of five was appointed to make arrangements and prepare a programme. Bolivar has been noted in the past for its patriotic celebrations on the Fourth of July, but for some reasons for the last few years we could not generate enough patriotism to fire a cracker. But we feel proud to think that it has not died, but was only sleeping...The reunion of the 126th regiment will take place the last Thursday in August, at New Cumberland, O., when a good time is expected.

MAY PUT IN MACHINES.

EAST GREENVILLE, June 25.—The Woodland mine has shut down to make some needed repairs. It is said that the owners of this mine expect to place some compressed air mining machines in operation before long...Elmer Howells and his mother are at present spending a few days in Mahoning county, in the neighborhood of Youngstown...Phineas and Thomas Collier, brothers, were seen racing through our village one night last week, and if the mayor had been at home they would probably have been fined for fast driving. We would just add that Dalton people must not come to our town to race horses, for we have horses of all records and all prices...It is now doubtful whether the Union Sunday school will picnic at Chippewa with the Justus Sunday school, as the proposition offered them by Justus does not suit. We want the same privileges as other Sunday schools when paying the same price.

Many of our good citizens have spent part of there time in Canton since McKinley's nomination, which seems to be the topic of all conversations in our village at present. Even some of our Democrats cry "Hurrah for McKinley."... The Greenville Rollies are making great preparations for their game of ball with the Dalton team, on Saturday July 11. This game was arranged some time ago by the managers. Rolly Jones is for Greenville and Richard Edwards is backing Dalton. The articles call for a purse of $40; $20 from each side, $10 of which the stake holder has at present as a forfeit...Mrs. Samuel Evans and Mrs. David Davis were visiting Dalton friends one day last week...Daniel Shultz of Dalton, was in our vicinity this week working up the buggy business. Danie will get there if there is a chance...Mr. and Mrs. John Hemperly are visiting at Wooster at this writing...A Raw. Fortney is putting an addition to his house, which, when completed, will be a fine two storry building. Greenville is still booming...There will be an ice cream festival held at the M. E. church next Saturday night. Every body is cordially invited to attend...Charles Newstetter, of Sippo, has had his picket mill in John Hemperly's woods a few days last week slashing out pickets at a great rate... Thomas Davis is home from college, spending a few days with his parents and friends in the village...Mr and Mrs. Joseph Collier passed through our village one day last week enroute to Dalton, to visit their son Phineas Collier and family.

DEATH OF KARL WINOLD.

After Months of Suffering He Passes Away.

After months of patient suffering the death of Karl Winold finally occurred Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. The direct cause of his death was chronic pneumonia, though during the past several months he had suffered much with erysipelas and heart disease. The funeral services will be conducted by the Rev. J. E. Digel at St. John's Evangelical church Wednesday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock.

Mr. Winold had not been in good health since his return from a trip to his old home in Germany about six months ago, and for the last three months had been bedfast. During the return voyage the weather was very rough, and sea sickness, together with the excitement of the storms, brought on heart disease. Later he had an attack of erysipelas and soon afterwards it became apparent to the attending physician that his lungs were also affected, and he was treated for this disease, but without success.

Karl Winold was born in Bavaria, Germany, in 1827, and immigrated to this country in 1854 coming direct to Massillon. He was married to Miss Louisa Dietz in this city in 1855, who with six children survive him. The latter are Charles Winold, of Cincinnati; Mrs. J. Porter, of Canal Fulton; and Mrs. George Doll, Mrs. George Rhine and William and Albert Winold, of this city. Mr. Winold was a tailor by trade and for many years conducted a merchant tailoring establishment in West Main street, where he also resided. He was a member of St. John's church and of the German Pioneer and Bavarian societies.

A FATAL MINE ACCIDENT.

George Hauxwell Killed by a Fall of Slate, Tuesday Afternoon.

George Hauxwell, a miner employed in the Nutwood mine, near Elton, was killed instantly Tuesday afternoon. Hauxwell was bearing off some coal when a huge piece of slate, which formed a portion of the roof, became loosened by his operations and fell, striking the unfortunate miner on the back and throwing him face downward on the ground. Thomas Temple, who worked near by, failing to hear any sound from Hauxwell's room, investigated. He at once summoned help and the body was removed to the mouth of the shaft Hauxwell's neck and back were broken and his chest was also injured. Coroner McQuate was summoned and the inquest was held at the residence of Thomas Temple. George Hauxwell was 25 years of age and had been employed in the Nutwood mine but three weeks. He was unmarried and his parents reside in Canal Fulton, where the body will be taken for burial

ANOTHER MINE ACCIDENT.

ELTON, June 24.—Tally Thomas, who is employed as a driver in the Elm Run mine, sustained serious injuries Tuesday afternoon by a car jumping the track, throwing him between two other cars as they crashed together. No bones were broken but internal injuries are feared.

CLEVELAND WILL BE CHOSEN.

Ohio Will Furnish the President and National Headquarters.

CANTON, June 23.—The national headquarters of the Republican party will be located in Cleveland this year. The question of removal was discussed between Mr. McKinley and Mr. Hanna yesterday, and there is every reason to believe that the conclusion stated was reached. Mr. McKinley feels that his friend has already sacrificed much, and should not be required to leave his business and home for four months. He is almost equally anxious to have the campaign managed in the West, for the reason that the necessary expenses, such as office rent, printing, and so on, will be much less than in New York, and he wishes to be elected with the expenditure of as little as possible. Then, it is desirable to keep the campaign out of the factional troubles in New York, to cut off newspaper subsidies, and in other ways follow the Major's injunction to "Keep close to the people."

AN ABSURD RUMOR.

Mr. Lynch Says that the Navarre Line Will Be Built.

Some gossip having been circulated crediting the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company with a plan to connect Navarre and Canton, THE INDEPENDENT addressed a note to President Lynch asking for accurate information. Mr. Lynch replies in the following explicit manner:

CANTON, June 20.—Answering your enquiry as to whether the Canton-Massillon Electric Railroad Company intend building a railroad from Canton to Navarre, I have to say that the company has not had and has not now any such purpose. On the contrary, we expect to build the road from Massillon to Navarre as heretofore proposed.

Yours truly,
WM. A. LYNCH.

THE OHIO DEMOCRATS.

Solid for Silver at a Ratio of Sixteen to One.

THE PRESIDENT'S PICTURE.

Delegates Want to Have it Removed—The President Denounced as a Traitor—The Speeches and Platform Fully Reported.

[By Associated Press to The Independent]

COLUMBUS, June 24.—It was after 10 o'clock when the Democratic convention was called to order. It is said that the platform will be devoted exclusively to silver, and that the silver men will be placed in nomination for all offices. Gen. Warner, who is to be permanent president, has not recently been acting with the party. Chairman W. A. Taylor read his speech:

Mr. Taylor, in his address, devoted his whole time to silver. He declared it to be the issue before which every other was as a molehill to a mountain. He claimed that the demand for free silver had come from every city, town, hamlet and schoolhouse in the state, and the voice of the Democratic hosts of the state commanded this convention to make Ohio the leader of states in the people's cause at Chicago.

"For," he said in conclusion, "what you declare here today will be declared at Chicago for the whole country, and that in turn will be ratified by the people of the United States on the 3d of November."

Reuben Turney created turmoil by moving that the portrait of Mr. Cleveland be removed. He spoke of him as "that arch traitor, that Benedict Arnold of the Democratic party, Grover Cleveland." Judge Patrick made a free coinage speech.

Report on rules was adopted after a fight by the gold men.

Gen. Warner, the permanent chairman, then made his address. He urged all advocates of a bimetalic standard to throw away party alliances and unite for the overthrow of gold monometalism, which would save people from becoming a homeless tenantry, while the rich are becoming richer by the increasing value of gold. He declared that the values of all that the people possess are decreasing while the value of foreign money is increasing.

The following is the platform: "We hold the money question to be the vital and paramount issue now before the people of this country. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard and demand an immediate return to the constitutional money, gold and silver, by the restoration by this government, independent of other nations, of the unrestricted coinage of both silver and gold into standard money, at a ratio af 16 to 1, and upon the terms of exact equality existing prior to 1873, such silver coin to be full legal tender equally with gold coin, for all debts and dues, public and private.

"The delegates to the Chicago convention from Ohio are instructed to use all honorable means to secure the adoption of these principles by that convention and vote only for candidates for President and vice president known to be favorable to those principles. To this end the Ohio vote shall be cast as a unit as a majority may determine." A minority report, presented by J. C. Patterson in the interestof harmony, left out all mention of finances but was defeated, and majority report adopted. The platform was adopted by a vote of 542 to 128.

The platform was adopted and Senator Turpie made a speech in favor of the free coinage of silver. Mr. Bynum demanded to be heard. Cries of no. Great confusion during which the sergeant at-arms and police almost caused a riot, finally Mr. Lamb moved to allow Mr. Bynum five minutes. Roll call was demanded on that motion.

For delegates at large, seven names were presented: Allen W. Thurman, John R. McLean, E. B. Finley, L. H. Holden, J. W. Bookwalter, John Conwell, Chas. P. Salen.

The ballot resulted McLean, 615, Finley, 521; Thurman, 494; Holden, 443; Bookwalter, 331, Conwell, 112; Salen, 113; Campbell, 4; Thomas, 2.

Organized for McKinley.

The local glass blowers at their regular meeting held yesterday decided to extend an invitation to Massillonians generally to join their McKinley club. The club was organized some time ago but none but glassworkers were then admitted. A badge was adopted yesterday. Persons wishing to join can purchase one of these at the Massillon hotel and their names will be enrolled. The club members will call on Major McKinley in a body on July 1, directly after the glass factory closes for the summer. Many of the blowers reside in New Jersey and will return home before July 4.

Small in size, but great in results. DeWitt's Little Early Risers act gently but thoroughly, curing indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation. Small pill, safe pill, best pill. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Just full of improvements—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. To begin with, they're the smallest and the easiest to take. They're tiny, sugar coated, anti bilious granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds. Every child is ready for them. Then, after they're taken, instead of disturbing and shocking the system, they act in a mild, easy and natural way. There's no chance for any reaction afterward. Their help lasts. Constipation, indigestion, bilious attacks, sick or bilious headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels are promptly relieved and permanently cured.

Pass the good word along the line. Piles can be quickly cured without an operation by simply applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

Half A MILLION DOLLARS
To be Given Away in Articles of Real Value to the Users of
Mail Pouch
"Chewing and Smoking"
(The Only ANTI-NERVOUS and ANTI-DYSPEPTIC)
TOBACCO.
SAVE YOUR COUPONS (OR EMPTY BAGS UNTIL COUPONS APPEAR) AND GET IN EXCHANGE FREE THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE AND USEFUL ARTICLES:

VALUABLE PICTURES.
Handsome Water Color Fac-similes, Landscape and Marine, size 14x28. 12 subjects.
Fine Pastel Fac-similes, Landscape and Figures, size 20x24 inches, 12 subjects.
Beautiful Venetian Scenes, Works of Art. size 20x30 inches, 4 subjects.
Magnificent Water Color Gravures, after famous artists, size 22x28 inches, 4 subjects.
NO ADVERTISING ON ANY OF THE ABOVE.
Such Excellent Works of Art have never before been offered, Except Through Dealers, at very high prices. They are suitable decorations for any home, and to be appreciated must be seen.

CHOICE BOOKS,
Cloth Bound Standard Works, over 150 selected titles; by Eminent Authors.
Popular Novels, 300 titles by Favorite Authors.

TOBACCO POUCHES,
Rubber, self-closing. Convenient and useful.

PIPES,
French Briar (Guaranteed Genuine).

POCKET KNIVES,
Jack Knives and Pen Knives, first quality, American manufacture, Razor Steel, hand forged, finely tempered Blades. Stag Handle

RAZORS,
Highest Grade Steel. Hollow Ground.

POCKET BOOKS,
Finest Quality Leather, Ladies' and Gents'.

CYCLOMETERS,
1000 Mile Repeating. For any size Bicycle.

EXCELLENT Open Face WATCHES,
The "Mail Pouch" Watches are made by a leading American Watch Company and *are guaranteed, without qualification.* The "works" contain all improvements up to date. They will wear and perform well for a life time if only ordinarily cared for.

Coupons explain how to secure All Articles.
One Coupon in each 5 cent (2 ounce) Package.
Two Coupons in each 10 cent (4 ounce) Package.

Mail Pouch Tobacco is sold by all dealers.
Packages (*now on sale*) containing no coupons will be accepted as coupons. "2 oz." *Empty Bag as one Coupon,* "4 oz." *Empty Bag as two Coupons.*
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Mailed on application, giving complete list and description of all articles and Titles of Books and Pictures; *also tells how to get them.*
The Bloch Bros. Tobacco Co., Wheeling, W. Va.
No coupons exchanged after July 1, 1897

BRICE GIVES UP THE FIGHT.

He Will Not Attend the Ohio Democratic State Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., June 22.—Senator Calvin A. Brice has given notice that he will not attend the Democratic state convention to be held here next Tuesday and Wednesday. He says he made his declaration on the money question last year, and is unwilling to change his position.

It is now beyond doubt that the convention will adopt a free silver platform and select four free silver delegates at-large to the national convention. John W. Bookwalter, of Springfield, and John R. McLean, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, will be two of the delegates at-large. The other delegates will be chosen from this list: Allen W. Thurman, Gen. E. B Finley, of Bucyrus; L. E. Holden, of the Cleveland "Plain Dealer;" Col. James Kilbourne, of this city, or Judge E. J. Blandin, of Cleveland. Probably Thurman will be chairman of the convention.

John A. McMahon, of Dayton, who was selected for temporary chairman, has declined on account of the evident free silver tone in the convention, he being in favor of maintaining the present gold standard. The state central committee will choose another person to take this place when it meets next week.

DISEASE—A CURSE. HEALTH—A BLESSING.

Disease, it has been written, is the penalty, of having transgressed nature's laws. Health is natural blessing. To the afflicted one this seems harsh, but it is nevertheless too true. To the suffering one shut out from untold joys, which those in perfect health possess, any price is willingly paid provided any hope is held out to them. This enables unprincipled and unscrupulous charlatans to prey upon their weakness to such an extent as can only be imagined. When consulting a physician on this all important matter, it should be the patients first consideration to make thorough inquiry into the fitness of the practitioner to whom they intend or contemplate entrusting their case. Dr Ottman, of Columbus, O., is peculiarly fitted and adapted to practice in the profession. Possessing an inborn and natural talent for healing, this has been supplemented by a thorough course in the best colleges, and arduous and tedious years of experience gained in the best hospitals of both the new and old worlds. That his skill is marvellous, thousands who were cured of their ailments, are ready to testify. Dr. Ottman through earnest solicitation will visit Massillon, O., Wednesday, July 1st, in the private parlor of the Conrad Hotel, from 9 a. m. to 6 p m. One day only. Consultation free and strictly confidential.

Persons who have a coughing spell every night, on account of a tickling sensation in the throat, may overcome it at once by a dose of One Minute Cough Cure. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Eczema of the scalp or scald head, even in its most severe form, is never-failingly cured by Doan's Ointment, the surest specific for all itchiness of the skin.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Trees are being trimmed on West Tremont street.

Millard J. Hackett, of Akron, is visiting James A. Hackett.

Lawyer John O. Garrett is in Findlay on professional business.

Edward Houk, of Jarvis avenue, has gone to Pittsburg to work.

Miss Olive Brown, of Akron, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. F. McGhie.

Mrs. Charles Taylor, of Orrville, is the guest of Mrs. Jacob Graze in the city.

Miss Bessie Allman has returned home from Berea to spend the summer vacation.

Miss Mabel Loomis, of Norwalk, is the guest of Mrs. A. C. Loomis, in Duncan street.

Miss Lizzie Ertle has resumed her duties in the county treasurer's office, after a vacation of several weeks.

Miss Victoria Houriet, of Cleveland, a former resident of this city, has been dangerously ill for the past ten days with typhoid fever.

Mr. Coxey telegraphs Henry Vincent asking him to make no more engagements for him at present. He is now in Kansas, and is very much broken down by arduous work.

Wm. B. Schworm is carefully watching a fig tree in his garden, in Chestnut street, hoping that the one fig hanging upon it may mature.

The Presbyterian church and Sunday school will picnic at Meyer's lake, Friday, June 26, leaving the chapel about 9 o'clock on the inter-urban cars. Fare, fifteen and ten cents; small children free.

Stark county Prohibitionists have agreed to disagree. The straight out Prohibitionists who object to free silver and other issues bolted the county convention, and will call another convention on July 11.

The members of the Harmonia band are daily arranging for the entertainment of the throng of persons who will attend their Fourth of July picnic at Yengling's grove. There will be good music, dancing and athletic sports of all kind.

Scarcely one-third of the Stark county saloon-keepers have settled their Dow tax and the county treasurer will at once proceed to enforce the law. This means that he will close all saloons, the owners of which have not yet paid the county's claim.

Mrs Joseph K. Russell and Miss Jessie Russell left today for Dansville, N. Y., where they will be joined by Miss Harriet Russell. They will then start for Montreal, Quebec, and a number of other points of interest, expecting to remain away until September.

The primary class of St. John's Sunday school will picnic at Oak Knoll on Saturday. All the scholars of this class are requested to report at the school house, at the rear of the church, Saturday morning at 8:30 sharp. The parents and friends of the children are invited to fill their baskets and go along.

An Irish woman is canvassing the town today, disposing of machine made lace as made by hand, and representing that she has made sales to persons who have not purchased, and could not be deceived by her smooth words and her sliding scale of prices. Warning is given to the public that the woman's goods are not as described.

An excursion under the auspices of the Sunday school of the M. E. church will be given some time next week to Randolph park. This beautiful spot is in close proximity to Cuyahoga Falls, Silver lake and other places of interest, and an enjoyable time is guaranteed all who accept the school's general invitation to accompany them.

Partial arrangements have been made by Hart Post G. A. R., No. 134, for transportation to the national encampment, to be held at St. Paul during the first week in September. It is desired that all persons who contemplate going leave their names and accommodations desired with the post adjutant, J. C. Haring, or at his place of business.

By order of the council trees overhanging the sidewalks are being trimmed to a height of eight feet. The ordinance prescribes ten feet, but the extreme limit of the ordinance is not being enforced. Under the ordinance it is the duty of property owners to have this work done, but they have failed in so many instances that the council is now proceeding.

Mrs. Lillie W. Thompson, of Tarkio, Mo., and her children, are visiting her sister, Mrs Hattery, in East Main street. Mrs. Thompson is a graduate of the musical department of the university of Wooster, O., and previous to her marriage held a position in Tarkio College, a United Presbyterian institution, of which her husband, the Rev. J. A. Thompson, is president.

The attention of Game Warden Caldwell has been called to the unlawful killing of squirrels in various parts of the county He will give the matter prompt attention and will prosecute every violator if evidence can be secured. The Ohio game laws were revised by the last legislature and squirrels are now protected until September 1. Formerly it was lawful to shoot them after July 1. The woodcock season opens July 4 this year instead of July 15.

J. Wilson Becker, who says he is an organizer of the American Railway Union, a Socialist, and a friend to the martyred Debs, spent Saturday in town. He does not admit that he succeded in organizing a branch of the A. R. U. here for he says that association must work under cover. In the evening he mounted a store box at the corner of Erie and Charles streets and gave his tongue and fancy full sway, much to the delight of the handful of assembled Socialists.

Mrs. Hannah Dewey died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ezra Gesaman, west of town, Monday morning, of consumption and cancer in the bowels. The funeral was held in Canal Fulton Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Dewey was born in 1831 and came to this country in 1845. Since the death of her husband in 1878 Mrs. Dewey had made her home with her children in Cleveland, Oberlin, Canton and this city. Mrs. Dewey was converted at the age of eighteen and had been a devout and faithful member of the M. E. church up to the time of her death.

The national meeting of the members of the Mystic Shrine is now in session in Cleveland. The Massillon Shriners who are in attendance are: J. C. F. Putman, Warren Jacobs, H. C. Dielhenn, David Atwater, Frank Shallenberger, Clarence McLain, John A. Shoemaker, Harry Lynch, E. C. Craig and C. O. Heggem. A special train passed through the city at 12 o'clock today over the C., L. & W. railway, bearing Shriners from Wheeling, Bellaire, Bridgeport and Martin's Ferry.

FROM THE COUNTY SEAT.

Released from the Workhouse—Probate Court Notes.

CANTON, July 24.—Henry Lilly, of Jackson township, who was recently sentenced to the workhouse by Justice R. H. Folger, was released today by a writ of habeas corpus. The writ was issued on the grounds that the court had been in error in imposing the sentence and should have bound Lilly over to court.

MR. MILLER'S CASE TERMINATED.

Robert A. Miller seems to have won at every point in the numereus actions instituted against him, and is being congratulated very generally because of the happy issue in each instance The court, as stated yesterday, refused to grant another continuance in the embezzlement case, as requested by the prosecuting attorney. Counsel for the defendant stated that they had a written statement from the main witness that he could not come to this city to testify, and that he had also given them a statement which was in effect opposite to the one held by the state. Owing to the absence of the chief witness the state concluded the trial could not proceed Judge McCarty said he did not believe the witness had any intention of coming to offer testimony. A nolle was accordingly entered.

LUMBER CONCERN IN TROUBLE.

The Willis & Lind Lumber Company went into the hands of a receiver Monday afternoon. County Commissioner Poyser has been named as receiver by the court and may accept. The petition states that the value of the real property of the company assigned is about $80,000, of the stock $10,000, horses, safes and office furniture $2,000, and accounts $4,000. It also says that the company has been doing a business of $50,000 a year. Several notes were protested June 20 and inability to pay them has caused the company to ask for a receiver. The principal sums owed by the defendants as stated in the application are as follows: A mortgage of $8,000 to the Wrought Iron Bridge Company, notes calling for $20,000 held by Mills, Carlton & Co., and other small sums by the defendants named in the application. The plaintiff company says that there are now due notes calling for about $25,000.

PICKPOCKETS IN CANTON.

Wm. A. Pinkerton, the Chicago detective bureau man, in the Chicago Tribune gives the discouraging news to Cantonians that: "Some of the most successful thieves who were frightened out of St Louis by the unusual police precautions, have already flocked to Canton. There was disappointment among them at the big convention because Chief Lawrence Harrington proved himself too much for them; so they are going to try to redeem the loss in a smaller community." A Canton officer said to an INDEPENDENT reporter last night that forty arrests for pocket picking had been made since Thursday last, and that one hundred cases of pocket picking had been reported.

MR. SNIDER'S CONDITION.

W. E. Snider, recently re-appointed a member of the county board of elections, is very seriously ill, and his life is despaired of. Mr. Snider is one of the brightest young attorneys in Stark county, and his condition is heard of with profound regret by all members of the bar.

EXTRA POLICEMAN APPOINTED.

The city council at the Monday night meeting decided to increase the city police force. Eleven names were presented and confirmed. The present force numbers about fourteen men, including the marshal. The new men may only be retained until after the fall election.

THOMAS M STACY SENTENCED.

Thomas M. Stacy has been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary by Judge McCarty, for killing James Riley. A stay of execution of sentence will be granted, until the merits of a petition for clemency can be examined.

PROBATE COURT NOTES.

The will of Theresa Cappon, of Alliance, has been admitted to probate. Celestine Cappon has been appointed executor.

The will of Thomas Kaley, of Washington township, has been admitted to probate. Thomas Kaley, jr., has been appointed executor.

The will of Elizabeth A. Lichtenwalter, of Jackson township, has been admitted to probate, and the executor appointed is Samuel Lichtenwalter.

Hugh D. Brown has been appointed administrator of the estate of Horace S. Grant, of Bethleham township.

Charles A. Fritz has sued Frank J. Schaeffner and others to recover payment of a promissory note given in the sum of $130. The note is secured by mortgage. Pease, Baldwin & Young are the attorneys for the plaintiff.

Benjamin Smith was arraigned before Judge McCarty today charged with assault and battery. He pleaded guilty and was fined $10 and the costs.

The National Wall Paper Company began suit today against the late firm of Roth & Schaffert to recover $648.22 due for goods delivered to the defendants.

Wm. C. Smith has been appointed guardian of Susanna, James and Ralph Smith, of Canton.

August Kuhns is the administrator appointed in the estate of Peter Shanabrook, of Canton.

In the assignment of Aaron Mumaw, of Canton, a petition to sell land and marshal liens, has been filed.

The bond of the assignee of W. E. Walter, of Paris township, has been approved.

Marriage licenses have been granted to John Kirk and Emma Moke, of Canal Fulton; Charles E. Walcutt and Anna Weidmann, S. G. Barnard and Hattie A. Swartz, Richard Wood and Inez Miller and Ulysses A. Essner and Martha E. Sidle, of Canton, and Wm. Justice and Lillian Plairs, of Beach City.

THE M'KINLEY CLUB.

Massillon Republicans Armed and Equipped.

THEY MEET IN MUSIC HALL

James R. Dunn Chosen President, With an Imposing Corps of Officers to Assist in the Work—All Republicans Eligible to Membership.

It was with enthusiasm that some 300 local Republicans assembled in Music Hall, Tuesday evening, and by the adoption of the following resolution, presented by James R. Dunn, brought into existence an institution to be known as the Massillon McKinley Club:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting of the Republicans of Massillon that the best interests of the party will be subserved by the immediate formation of a McKinley club.

Resolved, That the name of this club shall be the Massillon McKinley Club.

Resolved, That the code of principles of this club shall be the platform adopted by the National Republican convention at St. Louis.

Resolved, That the officers of this club shall consist of a president, six vice-presidents, a secretary, a treasurer, a finance committee and such other officers and committees as shall be provided for in the constitution and by-laws hereafter adopted.

Resolved, That the signers of the call for this meeting shall be enrolled as members of this club, together with all others present who so desire.

James A. Siffert, chairman of the central committee, presided over the meeting and J. R. Dunn acted as secretary. After the foregoing resolutions had been adopted the chair selected a committee of five to place in nomination a list of names for permanent officers. The committee, which was composed of J. A. Siffert, R. B. Crawford, E. C. Merwin, Peter Martz and W. N. Hemperly, reported as follows:

James R. Dunn, president; Theo. C. Geltz, E. C. Merwin, Thomas Austin, James Corns, Fred H. Snyder, and C. O. Heggem, vice presidents; John E. Johns, secretary and James H. Hunt, treasurer. J. W. Foltz, J. M. Schuckers, I. M. Taggart, J. M. Bayliss and C. A. Gates were appointed as finance committe and W. B. Martin, Wm. Reed, Frank Hemperly and James Grant as executive committee.

On Wm. Reed's motion W. N. Hemperly, James Peacock and Joseph Grapewine were appointed as a committee to draft a suitable constitution and set of by-laws for the club.

A motion by Mr. Martin to attend the celebration at Canton, Saturday evening was carried, as was also one by Mr. Siffert to the effect that the executive committee be empowered to make all necessary arrangements for the trip. The Massillon McKinley club then adjourned to meet again next Friday evening.

THE M'KINLEY COAT TAIL.

Mr. Findley Watching It With Great Interest.

NEWMAN, June 24.—Wm. Findley returned home from St. Louis tired, but feeling highly pleased at the result of McKinley's nomination. He was very much amused in watching those friends who expect to hook onto McKinley's coat tail in the event of his election. Men who will otherwise be out of a job and rather short of funds are in general, to all appearances the most enthusiastic.

D. W. Walter closed his summer term of school last Friday with appropriate exercises, and now our "scooters" are having their fun.

The funeral of Mrs. David Rowlands took place last Friday, and was conducted by her pastor, the Rev. Mr. Lister, of North Lawrence. The deceased had been a resident of this place for over 30 years, and leaves a husband, two sisters, three brothers and a host of friends to mourn her departure. She was aged 57 years, and her remains were laid to rest beside her parents and brother, who had preceded her 24 years.

Our Sunday school will hold another of their popular festivals on the church lawn Saturday evening, June 27th, the proceeds to go towards giving the children a free excursion to Chippewa lake. Ice cream, raspberries, bananas, watermelon, candy, milk, lemonade, etc., will be served in abundance, and it is hoped everybody will attend and assist in making the festival the success it deserves. The hard times have deprived our children of an excursion for several years, and we hope it is not asking too much for our people to again come to their rescue.

Miss Sadie Griffiths, of this place, joined a Cleveland picnic at Meyers' lake last Saturday, and had a good time. ...William Ralston, who has been taking a course of studies at the mining institute in Columbus, is home to spend his vacation, expecting to return in September...Miss Mary Griffiths, of Newman, and Mr. Frederick Arthur, of Massillon, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Griffiths, on Thursday evening of last week, the Rev. James Lister, of North Lawrence, performing the ceremony in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. A big supper was served and a general good time was enjoyed by all present...Our brick yard whistle shouted the McKinley nomination for one hour and ten minutes, informing our people of the victory...Miss Lizzie Ralston closed a successful term of school at Bridgeport, last Friday, and is now enjoying her vacation...Mrs. Thomas Masters and daughter Mellie joined in the festivities of the Daughters of Rebecca picnic at Meyers lake last Tuesday, having a pleasant time.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon June 23, 1896:

LADIES.

Hustler, Mrs. Ida.

MEN.

Buck, Peter	Simon, Wm.
Myers, Will	Wise Otto

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

"I was troubled with quinsy for five years. Thomas' Electric Oil cured me. My wife and child had diphtheria. Thomas' Electric Oil cured them. I would not be without it in the house for any consideration." Rev. E. F. Crane, Dunkirk, N. Y.

DEMOCRATIC TROUBLES.

The Central Committee Delegation Seated at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, June 24.—The central committee delegates were seated.

E. L. ROYER,
W. H. VOGT,
E. S. HOWELLS.

COLUMBUS, June 24.—[Cleveland Plain Dealer Special]—Spectacular effects were introduced in the meeting of the Eighteenth district delegation. Fo a short time, only a very short time, however, it seemed probable that good right handed blows would be added to the verbal arguments. That district is composed of Mahoning, Columbiana and Stark counties. In the first named counties the gold men control. In Stark the regular delegation was chosen by primary and Gen. Isaac R. Sherwood heads it. The contesting delegation was selected by a mass convention of dissatisfied gold men, and consists of gold and silver men. Now Mahoning and Columbiana are for gold and the addition of the mass convention gold men would give them control of the district meeting.

When these discordant elements met there was a scene, Columbiana and Mahoning, led by J. H. Clark, of Youngstown, who scored Brice so scathingly two years ago, and Banker Ed. Raff, of Canton, formed a combination. For years it had been the custom of the Eighteenth district Democrats to allow the delegates to the state convention to act as delegates to the congressional convention for the purpose of selecting delegates to the national meeting; but Chairman Piero, Dick Piero they call him, failed to call a congressional convention. Notwithstanding the lack of that formality the delegates from the three counties were called together as a congressional convention instead of a district caucus for the purpose of selecting members of the various committees. The Sherwood delegation from Stark county protested against this as being irregular, but protests were not regarded. Ex-Mayor Moore, of Youngstown, was made chairman of the convention and a committee on credentials was chosen to pass upon the qualifications of the state convention delegates selected from Stark county. Of course the Sherwood silver delegation was unseated by the gold men from Columbiana and Stark counties.

Against these proceedings J. C. Welty, of Canton, and Dr. J. V. Lewis, of Alliance, entered vigorous protests. They denounced the idea of a congressional convention that had never been called passing upon the qualification of delegates elected to the state convention as the most absurd proposition that had ever been made. Columbiana county, however, was not solid for gold. Editor Potts, of the Lisbon Patriot, is a silver man and one of her delegates. He joined the protest. Chairman Moore shouted at the silver men from Stark to be seated and quit talking. "If you fellows insist upon making a disturbance I'll send for the police and have you put out," yelled the chairman of the impromptu congressional convention.

This aroused the ire of Editor Potts, who rose up with an umbrella in his hand. This weapon of offense and defense he brandished about as if he proposed using it. Advancing to where Mr. Moore stood he shook it in his face and denounced his actions in terms that could not be distinguished above the uproar.

Dr. Gardner, of Massillon, was also stirred up by Chairman Moore's threat to send for the police. He joined the editor in his demonstration against the Mahoning county man. "I'll clean you out before you can send for the police," he declared with more force than elegance. Moore did not send for the police. The editor sheathed his umbrella and the doctor ceased from any effort to "clean out" the chairman, and order was restored. The so-called convention selected Clark and Raff as delegates to Chicago, as stated in the detailed report of the delegation meetings given below.

The silver delegation from Stark county, fifteen of them, together with Editor Potts, of Columbiana, constitute a majority of the delegates from this district. After the row in the gold convention they called a meeting and selected delegates to the national convention, as stated below. In that way the matter was presented to the committee on credentials for adjudication. The convention tomorrow will of course seat the Sherwood delegation, thereby declaring illegal the action of the gold men, who, of course, will have the inestimable privilege of carrying the contest up to the national convention, where, unless the silver men die before the time for assembling, the gold bolters will receive cold comfort.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

THE M'KINLEY RECEPTION.

All the Ladies of Stark County are Invited.

Mrs N. H. Morrow, of Canton, asks THE INDEPENDENT to publish the following:

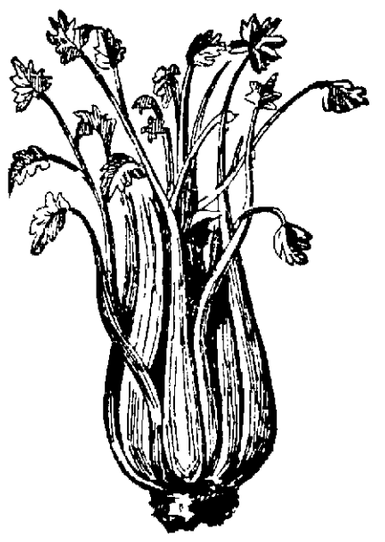
The committee having in charge the reception proposed on Friday afternoon to Governor McKinley, wife and mother, on Monday morning prepared and issued to the press the following invitation:

The women of Stark county are requested to join the women of Canton in doing honor to Governor and Mrs. McKinley and Mrs McKinley sr. on Friday, June 26.

A reception will be held at the Jacob Miller residence, 128 West Tuscarawas street, from 3 to 5 p. m., to which all women and girls are cordially invited.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

The Best Remedy in the World—It Makes People Well.



There is one true specfic for diseases arising from impure blood and a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Prof Edward E Phelps, M D., LL. D, of Dartmouth college, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases, and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

"Dr. Fowler's Ext of Wild Strawberry is considered a necessity in our house. It is an excellent remedy for summer complaints, especially with children." Wm. Reid, 66 College St, Buffalo, N. Y.

Merit in medicine means the power to cure The great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla prove its unequalled merit.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A FORMAL NOTIFICATION.

It Will Occur Monday and Will be a Great Event.

CANTON, June 24.—The formal notification of the nomination of Major McKinley as the Republican candidate for President, will take place Tuesday, and will, no doubt, be the most interesting event since the first celebration, six days ago. The present plan is to have the speeches delivered at about noon, on the Major's porch. A luncheon will follow in a tent that is to be erected in the side yard. Covers for one hundred will be laid. The committee on notification consists of fifty-one persons, prominent men from every state and territory, headed by Senator Thurston, of Nebraska. The visitors will arrive and depart by special train.

The statement made in Tuesday's INDEPENDENT that the national headqtarters would be located in Cleveland, still holds good, and in addition it it can be said today that the national executive committee will include ex-Gov. Merriam, of Minnesota; ex-Congressman Niederinghaud, of Missouri; ex Gov. Alger, of Michigan; S. W. Allerton, of Chicago; Thomas Dolan, of Philadelphia; Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York; H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee; and a Mr. Plunkett, of North Adams, Mass.

The major's morning mail consisted of 600 letters. He is expecting a delegation of Michigan editors in the course of the day. As soon as present excitement wears away, he and Mark Hanna will probably cruise about the great lakes, while Mr. Hanna plans the campaign, and Mr. McKinley writes his letter of acceptance.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thomas Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Baltzly's drug ssore. Regular size 50c, and $1.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer, and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what what they need. 50 cents per bottle at Baltzly's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

We are anxious to do a little good in this world and can think of no better or pleasanter way to do it than by recommending One Minute Cough Cure as a preventative of pneumonia, consumption and other serious lung troubles that follow neglected colds. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

When we consider that the intestines are about five times as long as the body, we can realize the intense suffering experienced when they become inflamed. DeWitt's Colic & Cholera Cure subdues inflammation at once and completely removes the difficulty. S. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

How Long Should a.... Man's Leg Be?

(For comfort they should be long enough to reach the ground.) . . . . . .

We have about 1,500 pairs of Assorted Lengths Trousers, long enough to fit all legs, and our

FORCED SALE PRICES

are short enough to fit all pockets. : : : :

C. M. WHITMAN, MASSILLON,

18 South Erie Street.

Some Changes in Straw Hats This Season.

Perhaps the most decided and least objectionable is our price.....Some years ago a dollar hardly paid for one.....Now at our GREAT JUNE SALE 50 cents buys a dollar value hat.....A raft of other hats, up-to-date, to select from at this sale.....Neckwear—Washable Tubular Ties, 3 for 25c.....25c buys 2 fine Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.....Wheelmen, see our latest comfort garter.....

Spangler & Co., 4 E. Main.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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THE POLITICAL BOSS.

A PLEA BY LONG ISLAND CITY'S FAMOUS MAYOR.

Pat Gleason Gives His Views, Which Include the Reform Boss and the Journalistic Boss—He Also Has Something to Say of Jingoes.

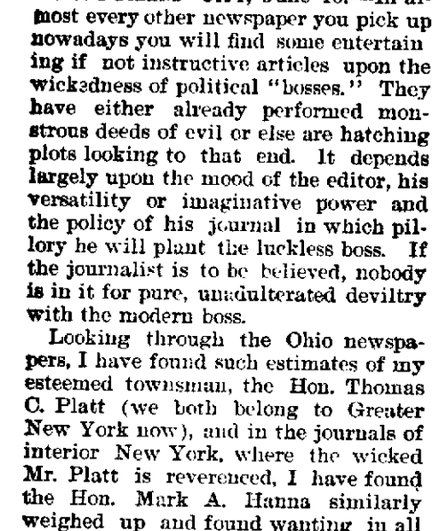
[Special Correspondence.]

LONG ISLAND CITY, June 15.—In almost every other newspaper you pick up nowadays you will find some entertaining if not instructive articles upon the wickedness of political "bosses." They have either already performed monstrous deeds of evil or else are hatching plots looking to that end. It depends largely upon the mood of the editor, his versatility or imaginative power and the policy of his journal in which pillory he will plant the luckless boss. If the journalist is to be believed, nobody is in it for pure, unadulterated deviltry with the modern boss.

Looking through the Ohio newspapers, I have found such estimates of my esteemed townsman, the Hon. Thomas C. Platt (we both belong to Greater New York now), and in the journals of interior New York, where the wicked Mr. Platt is reverenced, I have found the Hon. Mark A. Hanna similarly weighed up and found wanting in all the attributes which are supposed to belong to the truly good.

Quay, Manley and Clarkson, the other bosses of the anti-McKinley combine, too, seem to come in for a redhot scorching these days, and I expect, by the time some good Democrat looks like a winner for the Democratic nomination at Chicago, Cleveland, Hill, Brice and Croker will be roasted to a brown turn.

Now, if I may be permitted to speak and live, I venture to say that the poor boss—the political boss, I mean—is not half as bad as he is painted. If the people had only to bear with him, their lot would be comparatively happy, for really he is a sort of a guide or director of public affairs of their own selection. They elect their own representatives to the state and municipal legislatures, their town, county and state officers, and if these gentlemen consult and advise with or even take directions from one who is more experienced in public affairs than they or is brainier and abler in every way—in a word, a leader—the



PATRICK J. GLEASON.

people indirectly choose him whether he be a man who holds office, like Senator David B. Hill, or one who does not, like Thomas C. Platt.

But the greatest burden the people have to bear is the self constituted bosses, the men who want to boss the bosses, and through them the people—the clerical boss, the society boss, the "reform" boss, the college professor boss and the newspaper boss. These self created bosses at times, I know, do considerable good. One newspaper boss, for instance, frustrated a Wall street syndicate grab and forced a popular bond loan, which saved the country something like $40,000,000. That newspaper boss did a good thing, even though he bossed a president of the United States.

Another, a pulpit boss, endeavored to confer a benefit upon his fellow men by extirpating vice in New York. He was instrumental in working some needed reforms, but he spoiled all and wearied the good people of the town by continually issuing imperial ukases as to what should be the rule of conduct of their rulers and assailing them with bitter invective when they failed to obey his mandate.

Then comes the society boss to add to the popular irritation. This boss haunts the halls of legislation and terrifies, or at least tries to, the statesmen there into passing laws which will enable him to usurp the functions of the police and other civic bodies.

No danger need ever be feared from the political boss or leader. The people can throw him down at any time, and well he knows it. Therefore he is ever feeling the public pulse and studying the public interests. By so doing he studies his own interests. When he fails to serve the public, he goes to the wall. As he is responsible to the people's representatives and indirectly to the people themselves, he can be far better trusted than the irresponsible, self constituted bosses I have enumerated. I have yet to find a political boss lacking in patriotism. I grieve to say that I cannot say the same of the other kind of bosses. As a case in point I will cite the late dispute which arose between America and England anent the Venezuelan boundary question. Every political boss in the United States vigorously applauded President Cleveland's patriotic message and insistence upon upholding the Monroe doctrine and staid up his hands. A great number of the college professor bosses and the clerical bosses and a few—a very few, to their credit be it said—of newspaper bosses loudly inveighed against it and stigmatized its upholders as "jingoes." The term implies reproach, but that gallant Democratic boss of Ohio, ex-Governor James E. Campbell, turned it into one of honor when he quickly replied to one college professor in these burning words: "When one reflects that Warren and his men at Bunker Hill were jingoes, Major Buttrick and his minute men at Concord were jingoes, Washington was a jingo, Patrick Henry a jingo, every man who signed the Declaration of Independence was a jingo, that Monroe and Andrew Jackson were jingoes, I am proud and patient under the epithet. I prefer rather to be with such men than of those feeblists who, sapped of patriotism, sapped even of natural self respect, rush to Europe for models or wait whiningly in abject knees for foreign countenance of American men and things."

Here is a boss worthy of the name. I wish we had 100 more like him, for we would then quickly pass England and every other nation on earth in the race for commercial supremacy and national prosperity.

Patrick J. Gleason

A WEST INDIAN WOMAN.

"Blue Monday" In a Warm Climate—A Character Sketch.

[Special Correspondence.]

PORT AU PRINCE, June 8.—She is just as black as she is painted, and that is usually very black indeed. Her hand is against every man, and every man's hand ought to be against her, for she maltreats man's belongings, his shirts and his cuffs and collars in a manner that is fearful to behold. She lives on the outskirts of civilization and has no recognized status in society. No one knows whence she comes, but there she is, waiting for the steamer to land, with an overgrown lad or stout boatman to assist her to seize and carry away your soiled linen and cast off clothing. If any article is particularly nice or valuable, she appropriates that as her perquisite, or else so desperately mauls it that it returns to you having no semblance to anything you ever saw before, least of all to anything you ever possessed.

She has no washtub, no scrubbing board and sometimes no soap, some native roots or berries serving in lieu of the last. But she carries the policeman's weapon—a club—and wields it in a way that would put one of "the finest" to the blush.

It is early morning, when, having secured a pile of linen intrusted to her gentle care by some guileless and inoffensive man, she slowly wends her way to the nearest river or to the sea with her bundle on her head. If perchance she carries a tub, it is one she has borrowed and is taking along, not for use, but merely as a guarantee of good faith. She deposits her burden on the bank of the stream or shore of the sea and then fills and lights her pipe. Others of her kind and persuasion come along. They fill their pipes and then sit down for a social confab. The ways and means of defeating the ends and aims of civilization are the chief topics of conversation, and when these are exhausted the real object of their mission—to destroy as many as possible of the garments intrusted to their care—is commenced. The washerwoman is gregarious, and she flocks as much as possible with her own sex and profession.

Each one has near her a broad, smooth stone, upon which she spreads out a portion of the day's catch and then proceeds to reduce it to a pulpy, indistinguishable mass. She souses it in the stream, slams it against the rocks; then, having soaped it well, she falls to with her club. Not a button escapes, not a hole in any one unfortunate garment that is not made larger and wider. The sound of blows delivered with fatal effect proclaims the scene of conflict, and may be heard from afar. No mere mortal man has ever been known to witness the fray and return to tell the tale without emotion. After the clothes are sufficiently soused and mutilated they are wrung dry, spread out on the stones or on a thorny cactus and left to bleach in the sun. The rougher the stones or the thornier the cactus bush the better in the estimation of the laundress. If perchance a goat should come along and essay an imitation of her feeble efforts, she views the act with approval; she weeps for joy.

One morning, while I was out gunning, I came suddenly upon a negress washing in a shallow stream. I could not retreat, and so was obliged to face the music. She saw me out of the corner of her eye, and while pretending to be perfectly unconscious of my presence gave me the benefit of her opinion of white men in general and of one who would presume to invade the sanctity of her retreat in particular. "Loweeser," she cried out in a loud voice. "Yo' Loweeser, wha' yo' at? Don' yo' know dey's a Buckra man heah wha' ain' gut no manuahs? Come outen de bush, chile. Come to yo' mammy, for dat Buckra man done eat yo' up."

There was a rustling of the bushes across the stream and out darted a nude little darky black as ebony. She started to run to her mother; but, seeing me, stopped in astonishment, as though petrified. Seizing the opportunity, I unstrapped my camera and snapped a shot at her, while her mother loaded me with abuse.

"Wha' yo' done stop dah fo', chile? Don' yo' see datah man p'int dat black bax at yo'? He done gut de debil in dat bax, honey. He low down Buckra, fo' go do sich a t'ing to pore li'le chile like yo' is. Come to yo' mammy, quick now. Dah, gib mammy yo' han, an she help yo' 'cross dah stream." Each separate little pigtail on the child's woolly head stood out in terror as she darted, with a howl, into the protecting embrace of the outstretched arms.

"Dah, dah, sweetheart, don' yo' cry. Look heah, honey, see de bright new sixpence what de good gemmun gib yo'. T'ank yo', sah. Massa, yo' do no ha'm to de pick'ny, does yo'? Dey tell me yo' hab jumbie cha'm in datah bax, an I'ze 'fraid my li'le gal git de ebil eye. Stan up now, Loweeser, an t'ank de good, nice gemmun fo' dat sixpence. Goodby, massa. God bless yo', massa. Make yo' curtsey, Loweeser."

A. O. FURBER.

FARM AND FIELD AND GARDEN

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES.

Spraying to Protect Crops Against Insects, Blight and Other Fungous Diseases.

All progressive farmers now spray their crops to prevent against insect pests, blights and other fungous diseases. For biting insects which eat the foliage the spraying is done with poisons. Insects that come under this head are potato bugs, May beetles, caterpillars, cankerworms and codlin moths. The poisons commonly employed are paris green, london purple and arsenate of lead.

For sucking insects, such as the various kinds of aphis, mealy bugs, red spider, scale, etc., which obtain their food by sucking the juices of the plants, the spraying must be done with some compound such as will kill the pests by external contact. Kerosene emulsion is the favorite compound.

For insects that crawl up trees, including scales, paint a ring around the trunk of dendrolene—a cheap stuff that keeps sticky under all conditions of climate—and this stops them all. It is also effective against peach, apple and pear borers, mice, rabbits, etc. It is sold at agricultural stores.

Antidotes against rot, blights, mildew, anthracnose, rust and other fungous diseases are bordeaux mixture, ammoniacal copper carbonate and copper sulphate solution. The Orange Judd Farmer, which calls the attention of readers to the foregoing, also gives the following advice:

When worms or lice are first seen on cabbage, spray thoroughly with kerosene emulsion, and again in a week or ten days if they are not heading. After another week, if heading, sprinkle with water, heating it to 130 degrees, repeating the kerosene emulsion in a fortnight if necessary.

To prevent scabby potatoes soak the cut seed 1½ to 3 hours in a solution of 2 to 2½ ounces of corrosive sublimate (a deadly poison) in 6 gallons of water. Avoid stable manure, use fertilizers. Spray with arsenites when beetles first appear; repeat every two or three weeks, and when vines are two-thirds grown combine bordeaux mixture with paris green to protect against blight as well as potato bug.

Breeding the Buffalo.

According to the San Francisco Call, buffalo breeding is a success in California as conducted by the capitalist E. J. Molera. In addition to his experiments with full blooded buffaloes Mr. Molera has also tried the effects of crossing the buffalo bull with the Galloway cow.

The effects of crossing are a much more important matter than the simply breeding of the full breed buffaloes. Should the full breed buffalo be raised in sufficient numbers to warrant its being killed, only a small portion of each animal makes good food, and the skin can only be used for robes. On the other hand, all of the half breed makes good meat. The skin makes the best kind of leather, and also has a finer and thicker growth of hair than the full breed buffalo. Some of the cattle, in fact, have a fur that is almost as fine as sealskin, only the hairs are much longer.

Plants by Electricity.

Professor Bailey reports from the department of horticulture at Cornell that he is highly pleased with the results in developing plants by electric light. He says: "We have proved that by using electric light at night and letting the plants have the natural light during the day time we can produce lilies fully two weeks before those that are grown under natural conditions. The effect is fully as marked in the case of lettuce, but we found that electricity is a positive detriment to peas. We will continue our investigation on different plants and will ascertain the effects on vegetation of the Roentgen X rays. We shall also experiment on plants by electrifying the atmosphere in which they are grown."

The Clover Belt.

The really big clover states today can be counted on one hand, nor has the relative position of these changed for a good many years. American Agriculturist calls attention to the fact that Ohio has held the supremacy for two decades, Indiana and Michigan following with a very rapid growth in yield since the federal census of 1870, and Illinois and Iowa both important states in making up the commercial surplus. Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia yield sparingly, but the territory north of the Ohio and extending west to the Missouri river forms the clover belt.

Oats and Peas.

One of the best early feeds for stock, especially breeding animals, may be secured by sowing oats and peas somewhat thickly, either to be pastured or cut for soiling. For this purpose it is best to sow fully three bushels of seed per acre, while if the crop is to be grown for its grain two bushels of seed is a great plenty. The crop should be sowed at different times, so that it will come in order for cutting in succession. This soiling crop may be grown on rich land where a later crop of cabbage, celery or other vegetables is to be grown. —American Cultivator.

Potatoes as a Fertilizer.

"We have heard of persons who put a peck of potatoes in the bottom of the hole when setting out trees, with apparently good results," says The Rural New Yorker, which explains that "a ton of potatoes will contain in round figures 7 pounds of nitrogen, 3 of phosphoric acid and 12 of potash—worth about $1.80 as compared with fertilizers and about as much organic matter and water as stable manures. When crushed and put in the hill, the potatoes will give as much fertility as equal weights of manure and probably retain moisture better."

FIELDS NEWLY SEEDED.

Sowing Grass Seed With a Nurse Crop and Then Pasturing It.

A western farmer, in an issue of The Prairie Farmer of Feb. 22, speaks of obtaining a good staud of clover in a portion of a pasture field sown to winter rye, the rye having been sown in the spring. And this catch of the clover he says was obtained "notwithstanding the continued tramping of the stock." An agricultural writer, commenting on the foregoing in the same journal, says: "Before coming west I would have shaken my head had I met with such a statement, but not so now. This question of sowing grass seed with a nurse crop and then pasturing it may yet become a burning question to the dwellers on the prairie. Farmers will do well to look into it. In the present stage of experience in thus sowing grass seeds it becomes us to speak with a prudent caution. But I do not care to conceal the fact that I have no little faith in the method of obtaining a stand of grass in this way. In fact, is it not possible that this will yet come to be a common and favorite method of getting a stand of grass on the average soil of the prairie? At any rate, I will not hesitate to recommend farmers to try this mode of obtaining a stand of grass, however ridiculous it may appear to a farmer in the east." Here follow three letters from Minnesota farmers who have gained successful results by this method. The writer already quoted says:

"I was in no way surprised at these results. In fact, I expected them after having gained some knowledge of prairie soils. There are good reasons for expecting such results. When grass seed fails on the prairie, it is not through any natural poverty of land, but because of lack of moisture. The seed invariably starts, but later in the season it often dies. If the land on which it has been sown has been spring plowed and a dry season follows, there is a rapid escape of moisture through evaporation. That is one reason why fall plowed land in the west is much better qualified for a catch of grass seeds on prairie soils than spring plowed land. Again, when a nurse crop matures where grass seeds have been sown, it robs these of moisture; hence as soon as the nurse crop is cut and they are exposed to the glare of the hot sun they die. Now, when a nurse crop is sown thinly and grasses are sown at the same time, and live stock are turned on to graze when a good vigorous start has been made, the treading of the soil lessens evaporation and so increases the moisture of the soil. The growth is eaten off; hence the drain on moisture is lessened. The sunlight is let in, and this tends to increase the vigor of the plants. Of course we can well imagine that there should be some discretion used as to the extent and continuity of the pasturing.

"It may seem hazardous thus to proclaim this new method of sowing grass seeds in the west, but I do desire to call the attention of farmers to it in the hope that they may try it. If it should turn out that it is found worthy of pretty general adoption, it would mean a great deal. It would mean that pasture could be provided on short notice when wanted. It would mean that weeds would share the fate of the nurse crop—they would be eaten down. And it would mean that in getting a stand of grass there would be no loss of a crop in trying to secure it."

Alfalfa and Trees.

Alfalfa is winning its way in many localities to which it was not formerly regarded as adapted. It will undoubtedly prove a great boon to pretty much all the country west of the Missouri river, and still farther west it is already the chief reliance, without which live stock growing under any other than purely range conditions would be well nigh impossible. East of the river it is also gaining ground, and localities in which it is reported to be proving successful are every year increasing as experience with it increases.

The experience contains some warnings, too, that should be heeded, according to the Iowa Homestead, which tells, for example, that in those portions of Kansas and Nebraska where alfalfa has been successful for a considerable time it has occurred to a great many to seed orchards with it. This proved to be a very serious mistake, for in only ordinarily dry weather the alfalfa robbed the trees of the moisture they needed, and the would be fruit grower found himself without an orchard, but with a very good alfalfa field. The alfalfa is a deep rooted plant, going down into the soil a long distance for its water supply and requiring a good deal of it. When it and the trees contest for a supply that is only sufficient for one form of plant life or the other, the alfalfa is always the winner and the trees go to the wall. It may be set down as a fact, reasonably well established, that alfalfa is unsuited for seeding an orchard except in localities where there is no question about the sufficiency of moisture.

Subsoil Only In the Fall.

The benefits of subsoiling are now being recognized by farmers generally, but the point is not sufficiently emphasized that it is best to subsoil only in the early fall. Says the American Agriculturist: "To attempt the work this spring will in most cases result unsatisfactorily. Of course it depends somewhat upon the soil, but experience to date decidedly favors fall subsoiling."

Agricultural Brevities.

Professor Georgeson of the Kansas station says that the white or navy beans are a neglected crop, although there is a demand for these beans.

In the state of Washington considerable interest is being manifested in the growth of flax for fiber.

Soiling is a feature of a more intensive system of farming, and finds more extensive application as the value of the land increases.

When cut off at the surface of the ground, before seeding, the Russian thistle dies.

When your stomach begins to trouble you it needs help. The help it needs is to digest your food, and until it gets it you won't have any peace. Stomach trouble is very distressing, very obstinate, very dangerous. Many of the most dangerous diseases begin with simple indigestion. The reason is that indigestion (not-digestion, not-nourishment) weakens the system and allows disease germs to attack it. The antidote is Shaker Digestive Cordial, strengthening, nourishing, curative. It cures indigestion and renews strength and health. It does this by strengthening the stomach, by helping it to digest your food. It nourishes you. Shaker Digestive Cordial is made of pure herbs, plants and wine, is perfectly harmless, and will certainly cure all genuine stomach trouble. Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to $1 00 per bottle.

Eli Hill, Lumber City, Pa., writes, "I have been suffering from piles for twenty five years and thonght my case incurable. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me as a pile cure, so I bought a box and it performed a permanent cure." This is only one of thousands of similar cases. Eczema, sores and skin diseases yield quickly when it is used. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

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SAFE, Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper
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The Southern Pacific Co.
"Sunset Limited" Train.
Over the Sunset Route—New Orleans to Los Angeles and San Francisco
Was discontinued April 16th. The superior accommodations given the great number of patrons of the above train during the part tourist season, warrants the announcement of plans for next season, of finer service with equipmedt superior to anything yet known in transcontinental traffic.
Lookout for early re-inauguration of "SUNSET LIMITED" this fall.
ALSO FOR HOME SEEKERS.
The Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route" in connection with the "Queen and Cresent Route" are running the only line of through tourist Pullman Sleepers leaving Cincinnati every Thursday evening for Los Angeles and San Francisco.
These excursions are specially conducted, and the object is to enable those who do not care to buy first-class ticket, to enjoy a comfortable ride with sleeping car privileges and no change of cars, on the very low second-class rate ticket.
For further information, address
W. H. Connor, Commercial Agt. S. P. Co., Cincinnati, O.
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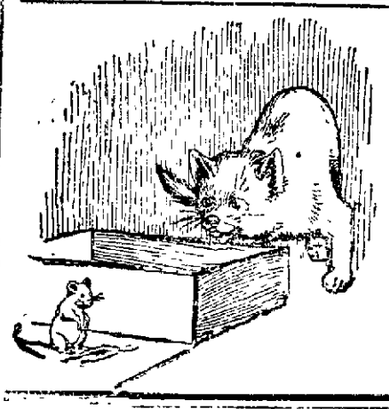

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Breed will sell any of his spring and summer Novelties at cost.
$32 00 Suits.....go at $23.00
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FOR CASH ONLY.
W. F. BREED, Tailor.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.
Taking effect May 10, 1896.

Going East.	No. 1*	No. 3†	No. 5*	No 7
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m	.....
Toledo.....Lv	8 00	1 50	7 46	.....
Oak Harbor.....	8 03	2 51	8 44	.....
Fremont.....	8 26	3 16	9 07	.....
Clyde.....	8 42	3 33	9 25	.....
Bellevue.....	8 57	3 49	9 40	.....
Monroeville.....	10 12	4 05	10 05	.....
Norwalk.....	10 28	4 16	10 16	.....
Wellington.....	11 07	5 08	11 02	.....
Spencer.....	11 20	5 17	11 11	.....
Lodi.....	11 37	5 33	11 31	.....
Creston.....	11 53	5 48	11 47	.....
Orrville.....	12 24 p	6 17	12 17 a	a. m.
Massillon.....	1 00	6 50	12 50	6 25
Navarre.....	1 42	.....	.....	6 42
Valley Jct.....	2 18	.....	.....	7 12
Canal Dover.....	2 40	.....	.....	.....
Marietta.....	7 05	.....	.....	.....
Sherrodsville.....	2 38	.....	.....	7 35
Bowerston.....	2 51	.....	.....	7 50
Scio.....	3 05	.....	.....	8 08
Jewett.....	3 18	.....	.....	8 15
Dillonvale.....	4 15	.....	.....	9 12
Warrenton.....	4 33	.....	.....	9 30
Brilliant.....	4 52	.....	.....	9 52
Mingo Jct.....	5 00	.....	.....	10 00
Steubenville.....	5 10	.....	.....	10 10
Martin's Ferry.....	4 58	.....	.....	9 58
Wheeling.....	5 10	.....	.....	10 10

Going West.	No. 6*	No. 8*	No. 2*	No †
	a. m.	p. m.	.....	.....
Wheeling.....	9 00	3 55	.....	.....
Martin's Ferry..	9 12	07	.....	.....
Steubenville.....	8 55	3 5	.....	.....
Mingo Jct.....	9 05	4 05	.....	.....
Brilliant.....	9 13	1	.....	.....
Warrenton.....	9 40	4 5	.....	.....
Dillonvale.....	9 59	4 54	.....	.....
Jewett.....	10 55	5 50	.....	.....
Scio.....	11 07	0	.....	.....
Bowerston.....	11 19	6 05	.....	.....
Leesville.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sherrodsville.....	11 31	6 29	.....	.....
N. Cumberland..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Valley Jct.....	11 50	6 52	.....	.....
Navarre.....	12 26 p	7 24	a. m.	a. m.
Massillon.....	1 10	7 40	4 45	9 40
Orrville.....	1 45	.....	5 18	10 15
Creston.....	2 16	.....	5 47	10 47
Lodi.....	2 32	.....	6 03	11 03
Spencer.....	2 49	.....	6 19	11 20
Wellington.....	3 04	.....	6 32	11 33
Norwalk.....	3 54	.....	7 19	12 15 p
Monroeville.....	4 05	.....	7 30	12 26
Bellevue.....	4 21	.....	7 46	12 40
Clyde.....	4 37	.....	8 01	1 06
Fremont.....	4 55	.....	8 18	1 24
Oak Harbor.....	5 19	.....	8 42	1 49
Toledo.....Ar	6 20	.....	9 45	2 50

Huron Division.

From Norwalk	No. 10	From Huron.....	No. 9
	a. m.		p. m.
Norwalk.....Lv	5 35	Huron.....Lv	5 30
Milan.....	6 00	Milan.....	6 00
Huron.....Ar	6 30	Norwalk.....Ar	6 25

*Daily.—(Trains Nos. 1, 6, 2, 5, 7, 8.
†Daily except Sunday.
JAMES M. HALL,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry., Co

Time table in effect May 24, 1896

North Bound	No. 4	6	8	2
Central Standard	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a m
Bellaire.....	*6 00	12 25	4 40	.....
Bridgeport.....	6 15	12 40	5 00	
Uhrichsville.....	8 10	*2 35	7 00	5 20
New Philadelphia....	8 28	2 53	7 19	5 38
Canal Dover.....	8 36	3 00	7 26	5 45
Justus.....	9 08	3 30	7 58	6 14
Massillon.....	9 25	3 45	8 15	6 30
Warwick.....	9 50	4 10	.....	6 54
Sterling.....	10 12	4 33	.....	7 15
Chippewa Lake.....	10 26	4 48	.....	7 32
Medina.....	10 37	5 00	.....	7 42
Lester.....	*10 45	5 44	.....	8 27
Grafton.....	11 07	6 08	.....	8 45
Elyria.....	11 21	6 21	.....	9 00
Lorain.....	*11 35	*6 35	.....	9 15
Lester Junc.....	10 49	5 15	.....	7 59
Cleveland.....	*11 50	*6 15	.....	9 00

South Bound.	1	3	7	
Valley Depot.	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p.m.
Lv. Cleveland.....	*7 20	1 00	.....	*4 35
Lester Junc.....	8 19	1 57	.....	5 24
Lorain.....	7 00	1 05	†7 30	4 10
Elyria.....	7 15	1 19	7 45	4 28
Grafton.....	7 32	1 36	8 01	4 46
Lester.....	8 22	2 00	†8 19	5 39
Medina.....	8 31	2 09	.....	5 49
Chippewa Lake.....	8 42	2 20	.....	6 00
Sterling.....	8 57	2 36	.....	6 15
Warwick.....	9 20	2 58	.....	6 37
Massillon.....	9 47	3 22	6 30	7 04
Justus.....	10 03	3 39	6 46	7 21
Canal Dover.....	10 35	4 09	7 16	7 52
New Philadelphia....	10 42	4 17	7 28	8 00
Uhrichsville.....	*11 21	4 37	7 44	*8 40
Bridgeport.....	1 22	6 55	9 50	10 30
Bellaire.....	1 37	7 10	10 10	†10 48

Electric cars from Bridgeport, Wheeling, a. m., p. m., p. m., p. m,
Electric cars to Bridgeport
a m., p. m., p. m,
Daily between points marked.
†Sunday only between points marked.†
All other trains daily except Sunday.
For through tickets, or any information, consult any agent, or address,
M. G. CARREL,
Gen'l. Passenger Agent,
Cleveland, O.

There to Go in Summer
and How to Get There.

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Atlantic City, Cape May, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Island and Canada resorts along the sea coast are located on the Pennsylvania Lines, a direct route to Newport, Narragansett Pier, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket and the popular resorting places along the Atlantic from Cape Cod Bay to Maine, these lines offer special advantages.

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Cresson, Bedford Springs, Ebensburg, Altoona and other resorts in the Alleghenies are located on the Pennsylvania Lines, which also lead direct to the White Mountains, the Adirondacks, Watkins Glen, Mt Dessert Island, and places of Summer sojourn in Eastern New York, Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine

The Lake Region

The low tourist rate over the Pennsylvania Lines brings Mackinac, Petoskey, Charlevoix, Mt Clemens, St. Clair, Muskegon, Traverse City, Mackinaw City, Sault Ste Marie, Gogebic, St. Ignace, Watersmeet, Au Sable, Iron Mountain and all the romantic resorts of Northern Michigan within easy reach. The return limit will be ample for an extended sojourn. Tourist tickets will also be sold over these lines to Ashland, Cedar Lake, Devils Lake, Pelican Lake, Three Lakes, Waukesha and other resorts in the Northwest.

For information concerning rates, time of trains and the resorts best through service, please apply to nearest Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agent or address F. VAN DUSEN, Chief Assistant to General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.
Taking Effect November 24, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 14.	* No. 4.	† No. 8.	* No. 10.
Massillon..	A. M.	A.M 7 30	AM11 30	P.M.3 30
Canton....	6 33	8 15	PM12 32	4 14
Akron.....	6 22	2 05	1 33	5 04
Cleveland.	*8 10	10 10	2 55	6 30

SOUTH BOUND.

	* No. 1	† No. 3.	* No. 5.	* No. 15
Cleveland	A.M 7 10	A.M1100	P.M 3 15	P.M. 6 30
Akron.....	8 27	P.M12 03	4 26	7 31
Canton.....	9 41	1 08	5 35	8 40
Massillon..	11 10	2 10	6 10	9 10

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
Ticket office, C. H. Rudolph's Jewelry Store No. 21 East Main street.

CANTON-MASSILLON ELECTRIC R. R.

INTERURBAN DIVISION.

On and after Sunday, June 14, 1896, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square, Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, every 30 minutes, as follows:

STANDARD TIME.

*5 30 a. m.	11 30 a. m. 5 30 p. m.
*6 06 a. m.	12 06 p. m. 6 06 p. m.
6 42 a. m.	12 42 p. m. 6 42 p. m.
7 18 a. m.	1 18 p. m. 7 18 p. m.
7 54 a. m.	1 54 p. m. 7 54 p. m.
8 30 a. m.	2 30 p. m. 8 30 p. m.
9 06 a. m.	3 06 p. m. 9 06 p. m
9 42 a. m.	3 42 p. m. 9 42 p. m.
10 18 a. m.	4 18 p. m. 10 30 p. m.
10 54 a. m.	4 54 p. m.

*Daily, except Sunday.
All Massillon trains after 8 a. m. connect for the Lake.
For special service, rates and information, apply to F. H. Killinger, Gen. Agt., Massillon

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NYE'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.

A Light Dissertation on the Knights Errant.

THE EARLY HARDWARE TRADE.

Age of Chivalry Was Poor For Business. Shirts of Mail Were Worn Without Change — Jousting In Feudal Times. Scotchmen Couldn't Take a Joke.

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CHAPTER X.

The age of chivalry, which yielded such good material to the poet and romancer, was no doubt essential to the growth of civilization, but it must have been an unhappy period for legitimate business. How could trade, commerce or even the professions, arts or sciences flourish while the entire population spread itself over the bleaching boards day after day to watch the process of "jousting" while the corn was "in the grass" and everybody's notes went to protest?

Then came the days of knight errantry, when parties in malleable iron clothing and shirts of mail—which were

A COOLNESS BETWEEN THE KING AND THE ARCHBISHOP.

worn without change—rode up and down the country seeking for maids in distress. A pretty maid in those days who lived on the main road could put on her riding habit, go to the window up stairs, shed a tear, wave her kerchief in the air and in half an hour have the front lawn full of knights errant tramping over the peony beds and castor oil plants.

In this way a new rescuer from day to day during the "errant" season might be expected. Scarcely would the fair maid reach her destination and get her wraps hung up when a rattle of gravel on the window would attract her attention, and outside she would see, with swelling heart, another knight errant, who crooked his Russia iron elbow and murmured, "Miss, may I have the pleasure of this escape with you?"

"But I do not recognize you, sir," she would straightway make reply, and well she might, for with his steel shod countenance and corrugated iron clothes he was generally so thoroughly incog. that his crest, on a new shield freshly painted and grained and bearing a motto, was his only introduction. Imagine a sweet girl who for years had been under the eagle eye of a middleweight chaperon suddenly espying in the moonlight a disguised man under the window on horseback in the act of asking her to join him for a few weeks at his shooting box in the swamp. Then, if you please, imagine her asking for his card, whereupon he exposes the side of his new tin shield, on which is painted in large old English letters a Latin motto meaning, "It is the early bird that catches the worm," with bird rampant, worm couchant on a field uncultivated.

Then, seating herself behind the knight, she must escape for days and even weeks, one escape seeming to call for another, as it were. Thus, however, the expense of a wedding was saved, and the knight with the biggest chest measurement generally got the heiress with the copper colored hair.

He wore a crest on his helmet adorned with German favors given him by lady admirers, so that the crest of a popular young knight often looked like a slump at the Bon Marche.

The most peculiar condition required for entry into knighthood was the "vigil of arms," which consisted in keeping a long silent watch in some gloomy spot—a haunted one preferred—over the arms he was about to assume.

A tournament was a sort of refined equestrian prize fight with 100 ounce jabbers, each knight, clad in tin foil and armed cap-a-pie, riding in each other's direction just as fast as possible, with an uncontrollable desire to push one's adversary off his horse, which meant defeat, because no man could ever climb a horse in full armor without a feudal derrick to assist him.

The victor was entitled to the horse and armor of the vanquished, which made the castle paddock of a successful knight resemble the convalescent ward of the Old Horses' home

This tourney also constituted the prevailing court of those times, and the plaintiff, calling upon God to defend the right, charged upon the defendant with a charge which took away the breath of his adversary. This of course was only applicable to certain cases and could not be used in trials for divorce, breach of promise, etc.

The tournament was practically the forerunner of the duel. In each case the parties in effect turned the matter over to Omnipotence, but still the man who had his back to the sun and knew how to handle firearms and cutlery generally felt the most comfortable.

Gentlemen who were not engaged in combat, but who attended to the grocery business during the Norman period, wore a short velvet cloak, trimmed with fur, over a doublet and hose. The shoes were pointed, as were the remarks made by the irate parent, and generally the shoes and remarks accompanied each other when a young tradesman sought the hand of the daughter, while she had looked forward to a 200 mile ride on the crupper of a knight errant without stopping for feed or water.

In those days also the fool made no effort to disguise his folly by going to congress or fussing with the currency, but wore a uniform which designated his calling and saved time in estimating his value.

The clergy in those days possessed the bulk of knowledge, and had matters so continued the vacant pew would have less of a hold on people than it has today, but in some way knowledge escaped from the cloister and percolated through the other professions, so that today in England out of a good sized family the pulpit generally has to take what is left after the army, navy, politics, law and golf have had the pick.

The Normans ate two meals a day and introduced better cooking among the Saxons, who had been accustomed to eat very little except while under the influence of stimulants, and who therefore did not realize what they ate. The Normans went in more for meat victuals, and thus the names of meat, such as veal, beef, pork and mutton, are of Norman origin, while the names of the animals in a live state are calf, ox, pig and sheep, all Saxon names.

The Authors' club of England at this time consisted of Geoffrey of Monmouth and another man. They wrote their books with quill pens, and if the authorities did not like what was said the author could be made to suppress the entire edition for a week's board, or for a bumper of Rhenish wine with a touch of pepper sauce in it he would change the objectionable part by means of an eraser.

It was under these circumstances that the Plantagenets became leaders in society and added their valuable real estate in France to the English dominions. In 1154 Henry Plantagenet was thus the most powerful monarch in Europe and by wedding his son Geoffrey to the daughter of the Duke of Brittany soon scooped in that valuable property also.

He broke up the custom of issuing pickpocket and felony licenses to his nobles, seized the royal stone piles and other nests for common sneak thieves and resolved to give the people a chance to pay taxes and die natural deaths. The disorderly nobles were reduced to the ranks or sent away to institutions for inebriates, and people began to permit their daughters to go about the place unarmed.

Foreign mercenaries who had long infested the country were ordered to leave it under penalty of having their personal possessions confiscated and their own carcasses dissected and fed to the wild boars.

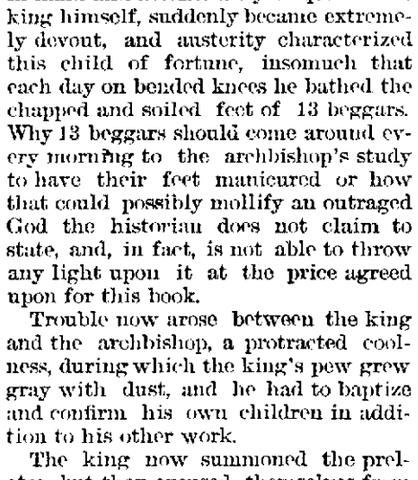
Henry next gave his attention to the ecclesiastic power. He chose Thomas a Becket to the vacant portfolio as archbishop of Canterbury, hoping thus to secure him as an ally, but a Becket, though accustomed to ride after a four-in-hand and assume a style equal to the king himself, suddenly became extremely devout, and austerity characterized this child of fortune, insomuch that each day on bended knees he bathed the chapped and soiled feet of 13 beggars. Why 13 beggars should come around every morning to the archbishop's study to have their feet manicured or how that could possibly mollify an outraged God the historian does not claim to state, and, in fact, is not able to throw any light upon it at the price agreed upon for this book.

Trouble now arose between the king and the archbishop, a protracted coolness, during which the king's pew grew gray with dust, and he had to baptize and confirm his own children in addition to his other work.

The king now summoned the prelates, but they excused themselves from coming on the grounds of previous engagements. Then he summoned the nobles also and gave the prelates one more chance, which they decided to avail themselves of. Thus the "Constitutions of Clarendon" were adopted in 1164, and Becket, though he at first bolted the action of the convention, soon became reconciled and promised to fall into line, though he hated it like sin.

Then the Roman pontiff annulled the constitutions and scared Becket back again into his original position. This angered the king, who condemned his old archbishop, and he fled to France, where he had a tall time. The pope threatened to excommunicate Henry, but the latter told him to go ahead, as he did not fear excommunication, having been already twice exposed to it while young.

Finally a Becket was banished, but after six years returned, and all seemed again smooth and joyous, but Becket kept up the war indirectly against Henry till one day he exclaimed in his



HENRY WALKING TO THE TOMB OF BECKET.

wrath, "Is there no one of my subjects who will rid me of this insolent priest?" Whereupon four loyal knights, who were doubtless of Scotch extraction, and who therefore could not take a joke, thought the king in dead earnest and actually butchered the misguided archbishop in a sickening manner before the altar. This was in 1170.

Henry, who was in France when this occurred, was thoroughly horrified and frightened, no doubt, so much so, in fact, that he agreed to make a pilgrimage barefoot to the tomb of a Becket, but even this did not place him upon a firm footing with the clergy, who paraded a Becket's assassination on all occasions and thus strengthened this opposition to the king. BILL NYE.

JAPAN AND KOREA.

A War Cyclone Predicted — Troublous Times at the Antipodes.

[Special Correspondence.]

TOKYO, May 17.—No one hears about Korea nowadays, notwithstanding the fact that it is more than probable that the general war cyclone so often predicted and expected will break out in this unfortunate peninsula. But to the few foreigners exiled in Cho-son, or Land of the Morning Calm, as it is called with biting sarcasm, this temporary residence is a microcosm absorbing all their intellectual powers in trying to forecast what the morrow will bring. Excitement succeeds sudden, unexpected events, and no one knows when the next coup d'etat, with its inseparable chopping off of heads, will take place. In the meanwhile the Japanese watch the empty palace, while the king rules in momentary safety from the Russian legation.

But with the king safe from the clutches of his friends the Koreans have cast off some of the imperturbable phlegm and have begun to retaliate upon their oppressors. The feeling of our youth in Revolutionary times against the redcoats or Hessians was nothing as compared to the deep seated hatred the very name of Japanese inspires among the Koreans. And our Japanese friends deserve it richly. Compelling this stolid, dirty, happy people to accept civilization at secondhand was bad enough. But to attempt to persuade them that its outward evidence consisted in the cutting off of the yard long pipestem, in the alteration or abolition of their flowing garments, and that, horrible to relate, the time honored topknot must go, as in utter contrast to our fin de siecle sentiment, was simply inconceivable to the Korean mind, the more so since our missionaries, of whom there are not a few, had shown little or no hostility to the native garb.

But the Japs were bent upon reform as they saw it, and as they could not imagine majesty otherwise than in a uniform glaring with gold lace, the king was compelled to don unmentionables and coat according to prescription. To majesty the whole affair was inexplicable. Not so to a dapper little Japanese tailor, a Mr. Honma, who contrived to furnish the elegant garments which the king had not ordered and had no use for. In the meanwhile his majesty had given his Japanese friends and well wishers the slip in a very neat and cute manner.

The only possible way of locomotion in the narrow and filthy streets of Seoul is by a sort of sedan chair, which is constantly used by the palace women. Although surrounded by spies in the service of the "reformers," the king contrived on the morning of Feb. 11 ult. to enter such a chair, the crown prince taking a similar one. The Japanese guard, accustomed to see these locomotors pass in and out, offered no objection, and his majesty reached the Russian legation, to him a haven of rest, in safety. Now, imagine the face of Bill Nye when Ah Sin played the right bower "which the same Nye had dealt unto me," and you may obtain an idea of the Japanese expression when these guileless reformers found themselves checkmated at the very moment when the game was in their own hands.

In the condition of Korea at the present time there is a fair hope of redemption if only the Japanese and Russians will give the country a fair show. But just there is the rub. They won't. Both want that identical peninsula, and want it badly, and either power would take it without asking the original proprietors even with a polite "by your leave" if the other did not cry hands off. Japan will probably amuse the great northern power by proposing a fair division, and Russia will answer neither yes nor no until the Franco-Siberian railroad is finished, when she will explain to the world what inveterate scoundrels these Japs are and give them a broad hint to withdraw to their islands. At present they do not feel in a position to enforce such friendly advice, but when they do they will not hesitate to proffer and compel its acceptance.

While these two powers are engaged in this contention it seems that Americans obtain a good and valuable piece of the bone. J. R. Morse of the American Trading company secured a valuable concession for gold mining, and the peninsula is rich in the precious metal. Besides this he obtained a grant for the construction of a railroad between Chemulpo and Seoul, a distance of about 34 miles. The Japanese looked upon this as an invasion of their rights, and were anything but pleased. But the whole affair is signed and sealed, and all they can say is shikataganai, or, better luck next time.

It is this jealousy which accounts for the somewhat hostile tone against Americans lately assumed by the Japanese press. The government itself is not at all easy. The measures taken in Korea, the assault on the palace on July 23, 1894, and the murder of the queen on Oct. 8, 1895, are liable to be read differently. In the case of success—that is, if Japan succeeds in annexing the peninsula—these two events would be buried in oblivion. But should war with Russia ensue they will be sure to be resurrected, and they will place Japan in no enviable light.

The cabinet knows this, and although it is fully aware of the big job a war with Russia would be it is preparing assiduously and earnestly for this eventuality. The army is increased and perfected, the navy has the most careful attention of the government, while all this goes on in the utmost secrecy of which it is capable. But Russia has been caught napping once, and in Sir Ernest Satow, a pupil of Sir Harry Parkes, the English have a representative who understands the Japanese thoroughly, although it may take him some time to grasp the thought and impulse of new Japan. When Yamagata returns from his Russian mission, more decisive measures may and will probably be taken. In the meanwhile residents here are sitting on a volcano, but still the world wags on. R. VAN BERGEN.

DETROIT HEARD FROM.

A Well Known Citizen Makes a Public Statement That is Attracting Attention.

From Detroit News.

Detroit people, like others of our cities, are up to date in the general matters of benefit to themselves, and Doan's Kidney Pills, having done so much good in Detroit, they can decide from evidence of their neighbors its value to them as a remedy for any and all kidney complaints, and so they are interested in the statement made here by Charles Du Bois, who resides at 200 Alfred street, and has a large circle of acquaintances. His present occupation is inspector on behalf of the city of the pavement and sewer work, a position he is quite capable of filling to the best interests of Detroit. Mr. Du Bois' testimony should, indeed, be of value in substantiating the claims made by the parties whom he now numbers among his friends. He says: "I have had backache, or bad back, as it is called, for a number of years. I have suffered untold miseries, and at times I could not stoop over, but had to remain in an erect position. I have doctored a great deal, but the old nagging pain, varying in severity, still remained. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, and, wondering if they would help me, I got some. Before I had taken a half box that 40-year old pain had left me entirely, and, better still, it never returned. This was some time ago, and I believe the pains and aches are all gone for good. I regard this as a great victory for Doan's Kidney Pills and a strong endorsement of your claims. They are a very agreeable pill to take, causing no inconvenience, and, in short, as the college boys would say, 'they're all right.' I wish you every success. You can command me in any way as a reference"

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents; mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. The Saltsman Drug Co., Massillon, O.

THE INDEPENDENT CO. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

Modern Housekeepers....

By the thousand, now order their Groceries from KAUFMANNS' BIG STORE IN PITTSBURGH.

Less trouble and much less expense than going to the Home Grocer.

Very much better goods, too: everything being guaranteed strictly pure and fresh.

A FEW FAIR EXAMPLES:

Lima Beans, Fancy California	5c lb
Navy Beans	6 qts. for 25c
American Sardines, double size box	7c can
Pearl Tapioca, Fancy Cleaned	5c lb.
Walter Baker's Premium Chocolate	32c lb.
Fancy Golden Rio Coffee	28c lb.
Tea, 50c quality, any kind 25c lb., 5 lbs. for	$1.00
Tea, 60c quality, any kind 35c lb., 3 lbs for	$1.00
Family Laundry Starch	8 lbs for 25c
Electric Luster Starch, Shirt Front Brand,	8c pck.
Miner's Delight, Iced Cookie	9c lb.
Soda Crackers	4c lb.
Water Crackers, Butter " Wine Cakes, Ginger Snaps, Jumble Snaps,	4½c lb.
Pure Ground Black Pepper	18c lb
Fancy Boston Baked Beans, with Tomato Sauce	3 lb. can, 14c
Columbia River Salmon	1 lb. tall can, 10c
New York State Full Cream Cheese, 5 lbs. for	70c
Kaufman's White Dove Spring Wheat Patent Flour	49 lbs., $1 00
New Castle Baking Soda	1 lb. paper, 5c
Pride of the Kitchen Scouring Soap	3c cake
Fairbank Standard Soap	10 cakes for 25c
" Plymouth Rock Soap, 7	" 25c
" Brown Soap, 17 oz. bars, 7	" 25c
" Santa Claus Soap	" 25c
" Copco White Floating 6	" 25c
Grandpa's Wonder Tar Soap	7c cake
Gold Dust Washing Powder 18lb pkg.	for 49c

Write for Complete Price List

and send a trial order.

It will make you a steady customer.

Address,

KAUFMANN'S

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Groceries delivered free within 300 miles

PILES

Dr Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr Williams Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by F. E Seaman.

1/2 RATES TO THE GARDEN SPOTS of the SOUTH

ONE WAY TICKETS ARE SOLD

At 1½ Cents a Mile

FROM THE NORTH OVER THE

L&N

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

To individuals on the First Tuesday, and to parties of seven or more on the Third Tuesday of each month, to nearly all points in the South; and on special dates Excursion Tickets are sold at a little more than One Fare for the round trip.

For full information write to

JACKSON SMITH, Div. Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, O.

C. P. ATMORE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

SENT FREE.

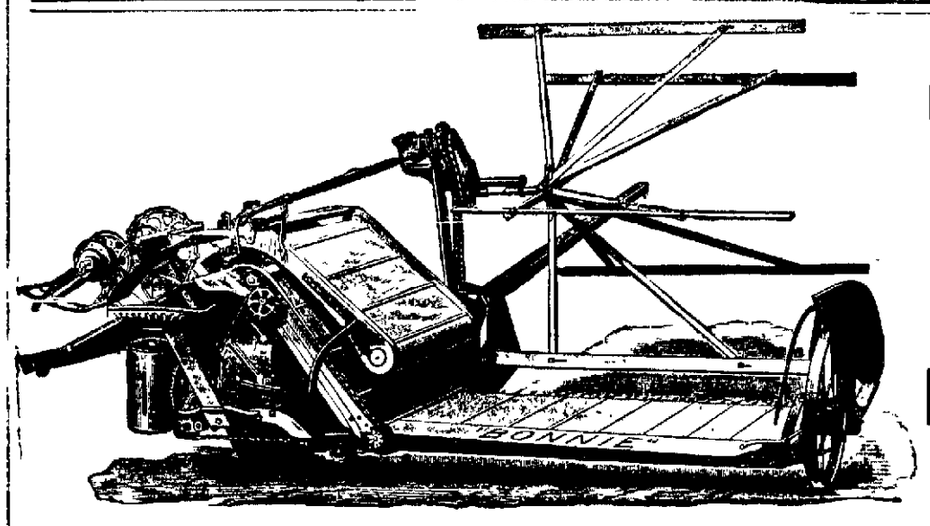
Write for County Map of the South to either of the above named gentlemen, or to P. SID JONES, Pass. Agent, in charge of Immigration, Birmingham, Ala.

DEERING ROLLER BEARING. JOINTED PLATFORM, PONY BINDER.

Binder trucks are by-gones. The pony binder takes no more barn space than a hay wagon. Before you buy a binder, see

Geo. G. Walter,

Pigeon Run, O.



THE "Bonnie Binder"

King of the Harvest Field.

The BONNIE" is the Lowest, Neatest and Strongest Open-end Elevator ever offered to the tiller of Mother Earth.

JOHNSON MOWERS

Single and Double Speed. Rear or Front Cut Mowers. Challenge Competition. See Machines in Macintosh machine rooms, Massillon, and at Dalton.

AERMOTOR WIND MILLS and Farm Machinery of Every Kind at Prices that Defy Competition. Call and be Convinced.

We carry a large stock of the best goods made and every farmer contemplating the purchase of any farm machinery will make a big days wages by seeing us before buying.

H. Santmyres, Manager

M. F. McDowell & Co.

THE OLD AXIOM That we still lead the procession

Attention now my friends. We are the oldest and best established carriage factory in this section

SEE SEE SEE

How nice and smoothly it runs along. My hand-made buggies will stand fast driving. Drivers for business. Drivers for speed and drivers for recreation and pleasure. All accord in the unanimity of my superb and the excellency of my line of vehicles. We are up to date with the approved modern ideas of carriage building.

Our Repair Department Is complete. It is done promptly on demand. When in want of anything in my line, if you cannot call to see me, ring for Telephone 192.

PERRY H. YOUNG.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE MYSTIC SHRINERS.

They Elected New Officers and Paraded at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 24.—The twenty-second annual session of the Imperial council of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine opened here last evening. The great parade last evening was participated in by at least 4,000 members.

There are 186 delegates in the imperial council. Detroit was fixed upon as the place of meeting in 1897. It was decided that hereafter the five lowest officers of the imperial council shall be appointed by the imperial potentate, instead of being elected. These officers are imperial first ceremonial master, imperial second ceremonial master, imperial marshal, imperial captain of the guard and imperial outer guard. The officers elected are as follows:

Imperial potentate, Harrison Dingman, Washington; imperial deputy potentate, Albert D. McGaffy of Denver; imperial chief sabban, Ethelbert F. Allen, Kansas City; imperial assistant sabban, John H. Atwood, Leavenworth, Kan.; imperial high priest and prophet, William H. S. Wright, St. Paul,; imperial orieutal guide, Lew B. Windson, Grand Rapids, Mich.; imperial treasurer, William S. Brown, Pittsburg; imperial recorder, Benjamin W. Rowell, Lynn, Mass.

NEW WATERWORKS COMMISSION.

The Appointees of Governor Bushnell Organize at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 24.—The five members of the waterworks commission, appointed to provide Cincinnati with a new water supply, has received commissions from Governor Bushnell and organized. August Herman was chosen president and Thomas W. Graydon was elected secretary. The other members are Colonel Leopold Markbreit, of The Volksblatt, Colonel C. A. Halloway and Maurice Freiberg. The first three are Republicans, the other two Democrats. The commission is authorized to expend $6,500,000 in the construction of new waterworks.

William Ampt filed a suit to enjoin the commissioners from proceeding on the ground that their appointment is an abuse of corporate power.

Ex-Senator Ohl's Trial.

COLUMBUS, June 24.—At the trial of ex-Senator L. C. Ohl of Mahoning county, indicted for offering a bribe, the jury was selected and the witnesses were sworn, and Assistant Prosecutor Williams made a brief statement to the jury, saying that the state expected to prove that Ohl offered Senator Avery a bribe if the latter would hold up a bill of interest to the Ohio State university. Mr. Williams quoted Ohl as saying to Avery: "There will be $500 in it for you."

To Restrain Chillicothe Council.

CHILLICOTHE, O., June 24.—The expected petition for an injunction against the filing of the contract with the Juneman Light and Power company has been filed, signed by prominent taxpayers. Illegality is not charged, but corruption and bribery are asserted to have had much to do with obtaing the majority vote of council. The petitioners are represented by J. C. Entrekin and R. R. Freeman, and Juneman by Albert Douglass.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, June 23.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 66@67c; No. 2 red, 64@65c; spring wheat, 63@64c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 33@33½c; No. 2 shelled, 32½@32¾c; high mixed shelled, 32@32½c; mixed car, 30@31c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24¾@25c; No. 2 do, 23¾@24c; extra No. 3 white, 23@23½c; light mixed, 22½@23c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $14.50@15.00; No. 2 timothy, $12.25@13.00; mixed clover, $11.50@12.00; packing,$6.50@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.00@8.50; wagon hay, $17.00@18.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 17@18c; Ohio, fancy creamery, 15@16c; fancy country, roll, 10@11c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 8¼@8½c; New York flats, cream, 8¼c; new Ohios, 7@7½c, new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11@12c; limburger, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11@12c; Swiss, in square blocks, 13@13½c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11½@12c; seconds, 9½@10c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 55@65c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@55c; spring chickens, 25@50c per pair; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; dressed spring chickens, 18@19c; live ducks, 50@65c per pair; dressed, 14@15c; live turkeys, 9@10c per pound; dressed, 14@15c; live geese, 60@75c per pair.

PITTSBURG, June 23.

CATTLE—Receipts fair, on Monday 55 cars on sale; market slow at unchanged prices. Today's receipts light; market unchanged. We quote prices as follows: Extra, $4.30@4.35; good, $4.10@4.20; tidy, $4.00@4.10; good butchers, $3 80@4.00; prime, $4.25@4.30; fair, $3.50@3.80; common, $3.00@3.50; rough, fat, $3.00@3.85; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.50; heifers, $3.00@4 00; bologna cows, per head, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $15 00@85.00.

HOGS—Receipts were light on Monday; market ruled active at opening, but closed weak. Today's receipts are light; market steady and prices shade lower. We quote prices: Prime light weights, $3.55@3.60; best medium grades, $3.50@3.55; common to fair Yorkers, $3.40@3 45; heavy hogs, $3.20@3 25; roughs, $2.00@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair on Monday; 25 cars on sale; market unchanged. Today's receipts, 4 cars; market steady on good sheep; slow on common and medium grades, while lambs and calves are firm; prices shade higher. We quote prices as follows: Prime, $3.80@3.90; good, $3.60@3.75; fair, $3.25@3.50; common, $2.50@3.00; culls, $1.00@2.00; choice yearlings, $3.75@4 00; common to good yearlings, $2.50@3.50; choice lambs, $4.50@5.00; common to good lambs, $3.50@4.25; veal calves, $5.25@5.00; heavy to thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, June 23.

HOGS—Market active at $2.85@3.50 Receipts, 1,900 head; shipments, 910 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.35@4.00. Receipts, 400 head; shipments, 500 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $1.75@3.50. Receipts, 5,800 head; shipments, 1,100 head. Lambs—Market steady at $3.25@6.00.

NEW YORK, June 23.

WHEAT—Spot market steadier and more active; No. 1 hard, 67¾@68c.

CORN—Spot market dull; No. 2, 34c.

OATS—Spot market weak; No. 2, 21½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 8¾@9½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 6½@7½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady; lambs ¼c lower. Sheep, $2 50@4.25; lambs, $3.25@6.00.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.60@3.90.

THE SPEEDWAY FINISHED.

And All Horsemen Can Enjoy Its Benefits.

The speedway on the Wales Road, just south of the Charity school, and connecting Akron and Front streets, is now finished, and presents great temptations to owners of fast horses who enjoy letting them go. As most people understand, this is a public track, built at private expense, under an arrangement with the city authorities whereby the right to use it for racing purposes is given. The track is about sixty feet wide—amply wide for four or five horses to be driven abreast, has been rounded up and rolled, and is in apple pie order. It is supposed that it will be headquarters for horsemen, especially during the early evening hours.

MISS KELLER'S SUCCESS.

She Wins the Gold Medal at the Pittsburg Contest.

Miss Maud Keller, a well known Massillon lady, will be graduated from King's School of Oratory, at Pittsburg, this week, with honors. Miss Keller won the gold medal at the graduates' contest Monday evening, competing with fifteen contestants, all of whom ranked very high. King's is regarded as the finest school of oratory in this section of the country, and Miss Keller's success last evening led the audience to predict a brilliant future for the young lady.

Congressman Dayton Renominated.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 24.—The Second West Virginia Republican congressional district at Morgantown renominated Congressman Dayton. Dayton beat Postmaster General Wilson in 1894.

To Extend Their Bonds.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad company has entered into an arrangement for the extension of their $4,000,000 first mortgage bonds, due July 1, 1898, so that the principal shall become payable in 50 years from July 1, 1896, with interest meanwhile, payable semi-annually at the rate of 4 per cent, both principal and interest payable in United States gold coin.

Mrs. Craven's Sensational Moves.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 24.—Mrs. Nettie Craven has made two sensational moves in the Fair will contest. She has filed ejectment proceedings against the heirs of James G. Fair to oust them from possession of the property at Pine and Sansome streets and the block on Mission and Eleventh streets and at the same time to recover in all $220,000 for back rents and damages.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has made a life study of the problem of restoring health and strength to women. His "Favorite Prescription" is the most successful remedy that has ever been known for women's peculiar ailments. Its sales exceeds the combined sales of all other medicines for women. It cures the most obstinate uterine diseases. It goes directly to the internal organism which is the real seat of the troubles. It imparts vigor and health where they are most needed; heals ulceration; stops the weakening drains; promotes regularity; restores muscular power to the ligaments, thus correcting displacements of special organs in the only natural way.

Complete information regarding the "Favorite Prescription" and testimonials from hundreds who have used it, are embodied in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a standard medical work of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, which will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. This work is a complete family doctor book and should be read by both young and old. The profits on the sale of 680,000 copies at $1.50 has rendered possible this free edition. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Why Is It,

If catarrh is a constitutional affection, as those claim who have a blood tonic to sell, that physicians, in extreme cases, frequently advise change of air and climate to those suffering from it? Catarrh is a climatic affection and nothing but a local remedy or a change of climate will cure it. Ely's Cream Balm, in all cases of catarrh, is so efficient as to do away with the necessity of leaving home and friends, causing instant relief and a perfect cure after short continuance.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing in Monroe, Mich., was severely afflicted with rheumatism but secured prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly raise up. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very thankful for it." For sale by the Saltsman Drug Co.

Are You Tired

All the time? This condition is a sure indication that your blood is not rich and nourishing as it ought to be and as it may be if you will take a few bottles of the great blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands write that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured them of that tired feeling by giving them rich, red blood.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

For the ratification to be held at Canton, O., Saturday, June 27, the Pennsylvania company will sell excursion tickets to Canton and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good going on trains leaving Massillon 7:55 a. m., 1:03 p. m. and 1:46 p. m. Returning, leave Canton on special train at 10 o'clock p. m.

Low Rates to Denver.

On July 4 and 5 the north-western line (Chicago & North-Western Ry.) will sell excursion tickets to Denver at exceedingly low rates, good for return passage until July 25, 1896, inclusive. For full information apply to agents of connecting line, or address W. B. Kniskern, G. P. and T. A, Chicago, Ill.

There is no dividing line.

BattleAx PLUG

DON'T FORGET for 5 cents you get almost as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other brands for 10 cents.

DON'T FORGET that "Battle Ax" is made of the best leaf grown, and the quality cannot be improved.

DON'T FORGET, no matter how much you are charged for a small piece of other brands, the chew is no better than "Battle Ax."

DON'T FORGET, "Economy is wealth," and you want all you can get for your money. Why pay 10 cents for other brands when you can get "Battle Ax" for 5 cents?

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION.

Special Rates via. Pennsylvania Lines July 3d and 4th.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to spend the 4th of July away from home, excursion tickets will be sold Friday and Saturday, July 3d and 4th, from ticket stations on the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburgh to any station on those lines within 200 miles of the station where tickets are purchased. Under this arrangement round trips may be made for a single fare, but tickets for adults will not be sold for less than 25 cents, nor for children at less than 15 cents Excursion tickets will be good returning up to and including Monday, July 6th.

If it required an annual outlay of $100 to insure a family against any serious consequences from an attack of bowel complaint during the year there are many who would feel it their duty to pay it; that they could not afford to risk their lives, and those of their family for such an amount. Any one can get this insurance for 25c, shat being the price of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In almost every neighborhood some one has died from an attack of bowel complaint before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. One or two doses of this remedy will cure any ordinary case. It never fails. Can you afford to take the risk for so small an amount? For sale by The Saltsman Drug Co.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, June 24, 1896,

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, per bushel (old)	62
Rye, per bushel	40
Oats	18-20
Corn	28 30
Barley	45
Wool	8-10-12
Flax Seed	$1 00
Clover Seed	$4 00
Timothy Seed	$150-$1 80
Bran, per 100 lbs	75
Middlings, per 100 lbs	80
Hay	$11 00-12 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb	8-10
Eggs, per dozen	10
Lard, per pound	6
Hams, per lb	10
Shoulders	06
Sides	8
Cheese, per lb	8
White beans, per bushel	$1 25-1 50
Potatoes	15
Onions,	30
Apples,	$1 00-1 25
Evaporated Apples, choice,	8-10
Dried Peaches, pealed	12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4-5
Salt, per barrel	$1 00-$1 20

Sheriff's Sale.

John McIntosh vs Fannie L. Clay, et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, June 27, 1896,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the county of Stark and State of Ohio, and in the City of Massillon and bounded and described as follows, viz:

Known as and being part of Lot No. 30 Wetmore, Fay and Binney's amicable partition of certain lands in Perry Township in said county and commencing at a point on the southerly line of Tremont street, distant westerly thereon four hundred and thirty-seven (437) feet, from the point of intersection of the westerly line of Jarvis avenue, with the southerly line of Tremont street; thence southerly parallel with the west line of Jarvis avenue, one hundred and thirty (130) feet; thence westerly and parallel with Tremont street, fifty (50) feet; thence northerly and parallel with the said westerly line of Jarvis avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet to the southerly line of Tremont street, thence easterly and along the southerly line of Tremont street, fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning and being the same premises which were conveyed to the said Fannie L. Clay by Jacob Graze and Jacob Sonnhalter and his wife by their deed dated February 9th, A. D. 1889, together with an alley at least ten feet in width in the rear of said premises and a street at least forty feet wide on the west side of said premises to be used for alley and street purposes.

Appraised at $1800. Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

Eggert & McLaughlin, Attorneys.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

CHICAGO, June 24—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, firm, $2.85@$3.55; cattle, strong; beeves, $3 40@$4 45; sheep, steady, steady.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Close
Wheat.				
Dec.	59⅜	59½	58¼	59¾
Sept.	57⅝	58⅜	57¼	57⅝
July	56¼	56½	56⅛	56¼
Oats.				
Sept.	16¾	17	16⅝	16⅞
July	16⅜	16¾	16	16
Corn.				
Sept.	28⅞	28⅞	28¾	28¾
July	27⅝	27⅝	27½	27½
Pork				
Sept.	7 20	7 32	7 20	7 30
July	7 05	7 12½	7 05	7 12
Lard.				
Sept.	4 20	4 22	4 20	4 22
July	4 07	4 07	4 05	4 07
Cash Wheat	59¼			
" Corn	27¾			
" Oats	lo			
" Pork	7 12			
" Lard	4 07			

TOLEDO, June 24.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 63.

Legal Notice.

State of Ohio, Stark County, ss. } In Probate Court.

Zachariah Kaylor, Administrator of the estate of Daniel Kaylor, deceased, Plaintiff, vs. Mary Kaylor, et. al., Defendant

Mary Kaylor, who resides at Zelner Postoffice, Richland county, Ohio, and Harmon Kaylor, who resides at Lucas, Richland county, Ohio, and an unknown heir of Frederick Kaylor, who resides at or near the same place; Susan Glen, who resides at Lucas, Richland county, Ohio; Mrs. Henry Blush, who resides at Zelner Postoffice, Richland county, Ohio; Mrs Jane Bowers, of Lucas, Richland county, Ohio, and Samuel F Kaylor, of Mansfield, Richland county, Ohio; also the unknown heirs of John Kaylor, who are heirs at law of Daniel Kaylor, deceased, and who reside at or near Goshen, Indiana; also Sarah Slatter, of Smithville, Ohio; Elizabeth Kaylor, whose address is unknown; George Kaylor, who resides at Cleveland, Ohio; Frederick Kaylor, of Cataract, Owen county, Indiana; Henry Kaylor, of Elvin, Illinois; Samuel Kaylor, who resides at Kipleyville; Jacob Kaylor, whose residence is unknown; Mrs. Nancy Brusman, Elkhart, Indiana, and the unknown heirs of Susan Shetler, deceased, who are heirs at law of Daniel Kaylor, deceased, and whose address is at or near Webster, Indiana; Mrs. Tena Meek, of Piercetown, Indiana; Mrs. Rebekah Gross, who resides at Weston, Wood county, Ohio; Mrs. Elizabeth Deck, of Plymouth, Ohio; Mrs. S. K. Hoak, of North Auburn, Ohio; H. D. Hoak, who resides at Shiloh, Ohio; M. J Hoak, of Plymouth, Ohio; Mrs. Jane Moss, who resides at Tiro, Ohio; Tella Erwin, Seonia, New Jersey; Mrs. Mary Cain, of Chicago Junction, Ohio, and Silas Erwin, who resides at Chicago Junction, Ohio; Mrs. Elizabeth Suter and her unknown heirs, who reside at or near New Enterprise, Bedford county, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Judith Stull, of Stean Corners, Morrow county, Ohio; Mrs. Jane Miller, of the same place; Mrs. Undersal and her unknown heirs, who reside at or near Burgoon, Sandusky county, Ohio; Mrs. Mary Barr, whose address is unknown; Samuel Barr, of Lucas Ohio; Mrs. Mary Stotter, North Liberty, Richland county, Ohio, and Mrs. Nancy Baker, of Lucas county, Ohio.

All of the above named will take notice that Zachariah Kaylor, administrator of the estate of Daniel Kaylor, deceased, on the 23rd day of May, 1896, filed his petition in Probate Court within and for the county of Stark, and state of Ohio, alleging that the personal estate of said decedent is insufficient to pay the debts and the charges of administering his estate; that he died seized in fee simple of the following described real estate, situated in said county, to-wit: The east of the southwest quarter of section fourteen (14), township eleven (11), range ten (10), containing fifty-five (55) acres of land, excepting from said fifty-five (55) acres two and one hundred and twenty one hundred and sixtieths (2 120-160) off of the same sold to the Lake Shore & Tuscarawas Valley Railway Company, by deed bearing date November 7th, 1874, made by Christian Kaylor, as guardian for Daniel Kaylor, to railway company, received for record August 24th, 1877, and recorded August 27th, 1877, in the Stark county records. Also excepting a strip of land sold to the Connotton Valley Railway Company, for railroad purposes, for a description of which see Stark county records, Vol. 183, page 258.

The prayer of said petition is for the sale of said real estate as a whole; that the sale of a part thereof would only be a great injury; that it is for the best interests of the estate that the property be sold.

The persons first above mentioned will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition, and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 15th day of August, 1896 ZACHARIAH KAYLOR, Administrator of Daniel Kaylor, deceased.

WILLISON & DAY, Attorneys.

Massillon, O., June 11, 1896.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, } ss.

Rosa Jeukes, vs. Mary Mehr. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction, in the Village of Navarre, on the premises, on

Saturday, July 18, 1896,

at 10 o'clock a. m.

the following described real estate to-wit:

Being a part of lot numbered twenty-three (23) in the old town of Navarre, Stark county, Ohio, now part of the Incorporated Village of Navarre, beginning in the south line of Canal street at the northwest corner of said lot and being at a stake in the middle of an open space north 38 degrees east 2½ feet from the northeast corner of A. Garver's drug store; thence north 38 degrees east 50 2-10 feet to a stake in the middle of a private driveway, or alley; thence 47 degrees 15 minutes east, with the middle of said driveway, a distance of 81 8-10 feet to a stake on the north bank of the Ohio canal; thence south 64 degrees west, with the bank of said canal, a distance of 74 5-10 feet to a stake; thence north 26 degrees west, and along the middle of an open space between lots nine and twenty-three in said village, a distance of fifty-six (56) feet to the place of beginning.

But this condition and stipulation is attached to this conveyance to-wit: The said alley or driveway shall be kept open, and clear as a driveway or alley for the benefit of the grantees or their representatives or assigns, and the owner or owners of the balance or east part of said lot twenty-three; it being clearly agreed that such alley shall be kept and maintained, its present width and in its present location, for the use and benefit of all the owners of said lot twenty-three, as they may be from this time to time hereafter, and this conveyance is conditioned to such effect, and the grantees for themselves and their assigns and representatives covenant to so keep and hold the west half of said alley with and for the grantor herein or his assigns.

HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

NAT C. MCLEAN, Attorney.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of David Clark, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 27th day of May, 1896

E. G. WILLISON, Administrator.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned have been duly appointed executors of the estate of Eve Seifert, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 8th day of June, 1896.

WILLIAM A SEIFERT, JOSEPH SEIFERT

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